

Red Seal Occupational Standard

Powerline Technician



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Employment and
Social Development Canada

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Développement social Canada

Canada 

RED SEAL
OCCUPATIONAL
STANDARD
POWERLINE TECHNICIAN



Title: Powerline Technician

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FOREWORD

The Canadian Council of Directors of Apprenticeship (CCDA) recognizes this Red Seal Occupational Standard (RSOS) as the Red Seal standard for the Powerline Technician trade.

Background

The first National Conference on Apprenticeship in Trades and Industries, held in Ottawa in 1952, recommended that the federal government be requested to cooperate with provincial and territorial apprenticeship committees and officials in preparing analyses of a number of skilled occupations. Employment and Social Development Canada (ESDC) sponsors the Red Seal Program, which, under the guidance of the CCDA, develops a national occupational standard for each of the Red Seal trades.

Standards have the following objectives:

- to describe and group the tasks performed by skilled workers;
- to identify which tasks are performed in every province and territory;
- to develop instruments for use in the preparation of Interprovincial Red Seal Examinations and assessment tools for apprenticeship and certification authorities;
- to develop common tools for apprenticeship on-the-job and technical training in Canada;
- to facilitate the mobility of apprentices and skilled workers in Canada;
- to supply employers, employees, associations, industries, training institutions and governments with analyses of occupations.

Any questions, comments, or suggestions for changes, corrections, or revisions to this standard or any of its related products may be forwarded to:

Trades and Apprenticeship Division
Apprenticeship and Sectoral Initiatives Directorate
Employment and Social Development Canada
140 Promenade du Portage, Phase IV, 6th Floor
Gatineau, Quebec K1A 0J9
Email: redseal-sceaurouge@hrsdc-rhdcc.gc.ca

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This standard was prepared by the Apprenticeship and Sectoral Initiatives Directorate of ESDC. The coordinating, facilitating and processing of this standard were undertaken by employees of the standards development team of the Trades and Apprenticeship Division and the Government of Alberta, the host jurisdiction for this trade.

STRUCTURE OF THE OCCUPATIONAL STANDARD

To facilitate understanding of the occupation, this standard contains the following sections:

Methodology: an overview of the process for development, review, validation and weighting of the standard

Description of the Powerline Technician trade: an overview of the trade's duties, work environment, job requirements, similar occupations and career progression

Trends in the Powerline Technician trade: some of the trends identified by industry as being the most important for workers in this trade

Essential Skills Summary: An overview of how each of the 9 essential skills is applied in this trade

Roles and Opportunities for Skilled Trades in a Sustainable Future: an overarching description of how in the context of climate change, skilled trades play a large role in implementing solutions and adjusting to changes in the world. In addition to highlighting the importance of this awareness, the standard may also contain more details on activities, skills and knowledge elements that are specific to the trade

Industry Expected Performance: description of the expectations regarding the level of performance of the tasks, including information related to specific codes, regulations and standards that must be observed

Language Requirements: description of the language requirements for working and studying in this trade in Canada

Pie Chart of Red Seal Examination Weightings: a graph which depicts the national percentages of exam questions assigned to the major work activities

Task Matrix: a chart which outlines graphically the major work activities, tasks and sub-tasks of this standard

Major Work Activity (MWA): the largest division within the standard that is comprised of a distinct set of trade activities

Task: distinct actions that describe the activities within a major work activity

Task Descriptor: a general description of the task

Sub-task: distinct actions that describe the activities within a task

Skills:

Performance Criteria: description of the activities that are done as the sub-task is performed

Evidence of Attainment: proof that the activities of the sub-task meet the expected performance of a tradesperson who has reached journeyperson level

Knowledge:

Learning Outcomes: describes what should be learned relating to a sub-task while participating in technical or in-school training

Learning Objectives: topics to be covered during technical or in-school training in order to meet the learning outcomes for the sub-task

Range of Variables: elements that provide a more in-depth description of a term used in the performance criteria, evidence of attainment, learning outcomes, or learning objectives

Appendix A – Acronyms: a list of acronyms used in the standard with their full name

Appendix B – Tools and Equipment / Outils et équipement: a non-exhaustive list of tools and equipment used in this trade

Appendix C – Glossary / Glossaire: definitions or explanations of selected technical terms used in the standard

METHODOLOGY

Development of the Standard

A draft standard is developed by a broad group of trade representatives, including tradespeople, instructors and employers at a National Workshop led by a team of facilitators. This draft standard breaks down all the tasks performed in the occupation and describes the knowledge and abilities required for a tradesperson to demonstrate competence in the trade.

Online Survey

The draft standard is made available to stakeholders to review, comment and validate the activities described in it. These stakeholders are invited to participate in this consultation through apprenticeship authorities, as well as national stakeholder groups.

Draft Review

The RSOS development team forwards a copy of the standard and its translation to provincial and territorial authorities who consult with industry representatives to review it. Comments received through the online survey were provided for consideration. Their recommendations are assessed and incorporated into the standard.

Validation and Weighting

Participating provinces and territories also consult with industry to validate and weight the document for the purpose of planning the makeup of the Red Seal Interprovincial Examination for the trade. They validate and weight the major work activities (MWA), tasks and sub-tasks, of the standard as follows:

MWA	Each jurisdiction assigns a percentage of questions to each MWA for an examination that would cover the entire trade.
TASKS	Each jurisdiction assigns a percentage of exam questions to each task within a MWA.
SUB-TASKS	Each jurisdiction indicates, with a YES or NO, whether or not each sub-task is performed by skilled workers within the occupation in its jurisdiction.

The results of this exercise are submitted to the RSOS development team who then analyzes the data and incorporates it into the document. The RSOS provides the individual jurisdictional validation results as well as the national averages of all responses. The national averages for MWA and task weighting guide the Interprovincial Red Seal Examination plan for the trade.

The validation of the RSOS is used to identify common core sub-tasks across Canada for the occupation. If at least 70% of the responding jurisdictions' industry performs a sub-task, it shall be considered common core. Interprovincial Red Seal Examination questions are limited to the common core sub-tasks identified through this validation process.

Definitions for Validation and Weighting

YES	sub-task performed by qualified workers in the occupation in that province or territory
NO	sub-task not performed by qualified workers in the occupation in that province or territory
NV	standard <u>N</u> ot <u>V</u> alidated by that province or territory
ND	trade <u>N</u> ot <u>D</u> esignated in a province or territory
NOT COMMON CORE (NCC)	sub-task, task or MWA performed less than 70% of responding jurisdictions; these will not be tested by the Interprovincial Red Seal Examination for the trade
NATIONAL AVERAGE %	average percentage of questions assigned to each MWA and task in Interprovincial Red Seal Examination for the trade

Provincial/Territorial Abbreviations

NL	Newfoundland and Labrador
NS	Nova Scotia
PE	Prince Edward Island
NB	New Brunswick
QC	Quebec
ON	Ontario
MB	Manitoba
SK	Saskatchewan
AB	Alberta
BC	British Columbia
NT	Northwest Territories
YT	Yukon Territory
NU	Nunavut

DESCRIPTION OF THE POWERLINE TECHNICIAN TRADE

“Powerline Technician” is this trade’s official Red Seal occupational title approved by the CCDA. This standard covers tasks performed by powerline technicians in Canada.

Powerline technicians construct, operate, maintain and repair overhead, underground and underwater electrical transmission and distribution systems. They install, maintain and repair overhead, underground and underwater powerlines and cables, and other associated equipment such as insulators, conductors, lightning arrestors, switches, metering systems, transformers and lighting systems. They erect and maintain steel, wood, fibreglass, laminate and concrete poles, structures and other related hardware. They splice and terminate conductors and related wiring to connect power distribution and transmission networks. In some jurisdictions, powerline technicians may also install and transfer communication devices such as cellular antennas and communication lines.

Powerline technicians are employed by electric power generation, transmission or distribution companies, powerline contractors and public utility commissions. Powerline technicians may also specialize in one of the following areas: transmission lines, overhead or underground distribution systems, communication networks and electrical power stations. They may also be employed in the mining, construction or oilfield sector.

Powerline technicians require good communication skills to coordinate and facilitate work with customers, co-workers and other trades. They also require strong analytical skills in order to read and interpret diagrams, drawings and specifications. They need to be able to plan their work; including making considerations to prevent damage during construction to local wildlife habitats. They must have good mechanical aptitude to install, troubleshoot and repair equipment. They must also have good vision and the ability to distinguish colours. The ability to adapt to change and a willingness to keep up with new developments is important to this trade.

Powerline technicians work outdoors at various worksites, at any hour and in any weather. The work always involves travel to and from the worksite, which is often in remote areas, necessitating the use of a variety of access equipment such as all-terrain vehicles, snowmobiles, aircrafts and watercrafts.

Occupational hazards in this trade are working with high voltage equipment, working in confined spaces, working at heights, and in extreme weather and environmental conditions. This also could include exposure to asbestos, silica dust, mercury, lead and PCBs.

The work may be strenuous and requires frequent heavy lifting, working in awkward positions, carrying and reaching. Getting to powerlines requires climbing poles and structures, working from aerial work platforms and entering maintenance holes and underground vaults.

This standard recognizes similarities or overlaps with the work of construction electricians and industrial electricians. Powerline technicians work with a wide variety of tradespersons, engineers and inspectors.

With experience, powerline technicians may act as mentors and trainers to apprentices in the trade. They may advance to senior journey person, foreperson, supervisory or managerial positions. They can also transfer their skills to related occupations in areas such as design, planning, safety, technical support services and system control.

TRENDS IN THE POWERLINE TECHNICIAN TRADE

Communication within the trade is crucial. Evolutions in technology, such as mobile information systems and global positioning systems (GPS), allow all parties to keep in touch, helping to improve safety, responsiveness in emergencies, and effectiveness in following work procedures.

There is an increase in safety and environmental regulations across jurisdictions, which requires more administrative controls, preparation time and training for powerline technicians. Safety concerns have also led to an increase in the use of aerial work platforms (AWP).

Transmission systems are being constructed with direct current (DC) lines in some parts of the country due to greater efficiency and energy savings.

Metering devices are moving towards digital and smart meters. Radio frequency meters and cellular chip meters are being installed to aid in reading meters and troubleshooting.

New technology in auxiliary equipment is creating much smaller components with greater fault interrupting capabilities.

An increase in the development of the renewable energy sectors (solar, wind, tidal) will require powerline technicians to facilitate the distribution and transmission of electricity generated by these systems.

More and more, utilities are sharing infrastructure with digital and wireless communication companies. As a result, cellular antennas are being installed on electrical structures. Because of the proximity to energized conductors they can only be accessed and installed by qualified powerline technicians.

There is an increase in the use of technology-based equipment such as digital reclosers, robotic devices, drones, computers and tablets to facilitate more reliable and efficient operation, maintenance and repair of systems. Devices used for system protection and control are increasingly remotely controlled rather than manually controlled.

More environmentally friendly materials (such as plant-based oils in transformers) are always being introduced in distribution and transmission systems.

ESSENTIAL SKILLS SUMMARY

Essential skills are needed for work, learning and life. They provide the foundation for learning all other skills and enable people to evolve with their jobs and adapt to workplace change.

Through extensive research, the Government of Canada and other national and international agencies have identified and validated nine essential skills. These skills are used in nearly every occupation and throughout daily life in different ways.

A series of CCDA-endorsed tools have been developed to support apprentices in their training and to be better prepared for a career in the trades. The tools can be used independently or with the assistance of a tradesperson, trainer, employer, teacher or mentor to:

- understand how essential skills are used in the trades;
- learn about individual essential skills strengths and areas for improvement; and
- improve essential skills and increase success in an apprenticeship program.

The tools are available online or for order at: <https://www.canada.ca/en/employment-social-development/programs/essential-skills/profiles.html>.

The application of these skills may be described throughout this document within the skills and knowledge which support each sub-task of the trade. The following are summaries of the requirements in each of the essential skills, taken from the essential skills profile. A link to the complete essential skills profile can be found at <http://www.red-seal.ca/>.

READING

Powerline technicians read code books, standards and regulations to ensure work is done in compliance with industry standards. They read drawings and forms that contain technical information related to construction standards or specifications. They also read emails and other correspondence to stay informed on issues. They consult textbooks to determine steps to take when encountering new or infrequent tasks.

DOCUMENT USE

Powerline technicians interpret information on lists, logbooks and timesheets, and they scan work orders for information about current projects such as job location, job description, timelines, scheduling, contractor requirements, project hazards and project contacts. They use area maps and equipment identification codes to identify their work location. They complete a variety of forms and checklists. They interpret symbols and codes on construction drawings, and use schematic drawings to assemble a piece of equipment or to isolate a circuit. Powerline technicians use information taken from tables and charts to perform calculations such as voltage drop or appropriate conductor sag.

WRITING

Powerline technicians keep a daily logbook containing reminders and notes about job progress, deliveries, weather conditions and unusual occurrences. They may prepare training evaluations, switching authorizations and work protection documents. They document safety hazards and precautions or measures taken to implement barriers and controls to manage risks.

ORAL COMMUNICATION

Powerline technicians communicate with dispatchers to exchange information about work in progress or to obtain new assignments, and with supervisors and other crew members several times a day to share crucial information about tasks that need to be completed and unforeseen problems. They maintain constant contact with all crew members during operations to ensure the safety of all workers. Powerline technicians interact with property owners, the general public and various contractors. They also explain and demonstrate safe working techniques to new employees.

NUMERACY

Powerline technicians estimate time and verify or determine materials and equipment required for a job. They calculate to what depth to bury poles, the weight of a load to be rigged, fuse size, the tension and angle of guy wires, and average kilo-voltage-amperes (kVA). Powerline technicians work in both metric and imperial systems of measurement and must be able to convert between the two systems.

THINKING

Powerline technicians use problem solving skills to determine how to proceed with an installation when safety hazards or unforeseen obstructions present themselves. They identify the people such as fire fighters, police, city representatives, customers and dispatchers, who need to be consulted to determine course of action when faced with emergencies such as downed wires or traffic lights, and storms. Powerline technicians use decision making skills to decide alternate work activities to be completed when weather prevents planned work. They decide on the suitability of materials and proper procedures to follow to accomplish tasks in a safe and efficient manner. Powerline technicians establish critical timelines for assigned projects keeping in mind that electrical power must be restored as quickly and safely as possible.

WORKING WITH OTHERS

Powerline technicians work as part of a crew to perform critical and often highly hazardous work; therefore, collaboration is crucial. They participate in formal and informal discussions with co-workers, supervisors and other work groups about work processes. They monitor the work of others and may assign tasks to them or inform them of how to perform a task.

DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY

Powerline technicians use communications software such as email and texting to communicate. They may access the Internet to obtain information, or to review electrical schematics or construction drawings. They also use other computer applications such as global information system (GIS) software to locate or place powerline devices or components. They may also use remote monitoring devices such as drones and supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) technology.

CONTINUOUS LEARNING

Powerline technicians need to maintain and upgrade their skills and knowledge of industry standards and regulations by attending educational sessions or courses offered by provincial or federal associations, and employers. Powerline technicians must also maintain their safety certifications such as cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), automated external defibrillator (AED) and First Aid. They also learn from experienced co-workers.

Roles and Opportunities for Skilled Trades in a Sustainable Future

Climate change affects all of us. Trades play a large role in implementing solutions and adjusting to changes in the world.

Throughout this standard, there may be specific references to tasks, skills and knowledge that clearly show this trade's role in a more sustainable future. Each trade has different roles to play and contributions to make in their own way.

For example:

- Construction tradespeople need to consider the materials they are using, building methods, and improvements to mechanical and electrical installations. There are important changes to codes and standards to help meet the climate change goals and commitments set for 2030 and 2050. Retrofits and new construction of low-energy buildings provide enormous opportunities for workers in this sector. Concepts, such as energy efficiency and regarding buildings as systems are foundational.
- Automotive and mechanical trades are seeing a shift towards the electrification of vehicles and equipment. As a result, new skills and knowledge will be required for tradespeople working in this sector. There are mandates for sales of new light-duty zero-emission vehicles (ZEV) in Canada, with the goal of achieving 100% ZEV sales by 2035. Due to this mandate, the demand for these vehicles is growing quickly among consumers and fleets. With this escalating demand, the need for skilled workers to maintain and repair these vehicles is also increasing.
- In industrial and resource sectors, there is pressure to move towards increased electrification of industrial processes. Many industrial and commercial facilities are also being upgraded to improve energy efficiency in areas such as lighting systems, and new production processes and technologies. There are also opportunities in carbon capture, utilization and storage (CCUS), as well as the production and export of low-carbon hydrogen.
- Trades in the service sector may also need to be aware of responsible sourcing, as well as efficient use of products and materials. New ways of working better are always a part of the job.

There are fast-moving changes in guidelines, codes, regulations and specifications. Many are being implemented for the purpose of energy efficiency and climate change. Those that affect specific trades may be mentioned within the standard. Examples of these guidelines and legislation include:

- The National Energy Code of Canada for Buildings (NECB).
- The Canadian Net-Zero Emissions Accountability Act (CNZEAA).
- programs that encourage sustainable building design and construction such as Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) and the Zero Carbon Building (ZCB) standards.
- the Montreal Protocol for phasing out R22 refrigerants.

- energy efficiency programs such as ENERGY STAR.
- principles of the United Nations Declaration for the Rights of Indigenous Peoples pertaining to energy sector development.

Apprentices and tradespeople need to increase their climate literacy and reinforce their own understanding of energy issues and environmental practices. It is important for them to understand why these changes are happening and their effect on trades' work. While individual tradespeople and apprentices may not be able to choose certain elements like; the architectural design of buildings, building material selection, regulatory requirements, use of electric vehicles and technologies, they must understand the impact of using these elements in their work. Impacts include using environmentally friendly products and following requirements related to the disposal and recycling of materials.

In apprenticeship, as well as in ongoing professional development, employers and instructors should encourage learning about these concepts, why they are important, how they are implemented, and the overarching targets they are aiming to achieve.

All in all, it's about doing the work better and building a better world.

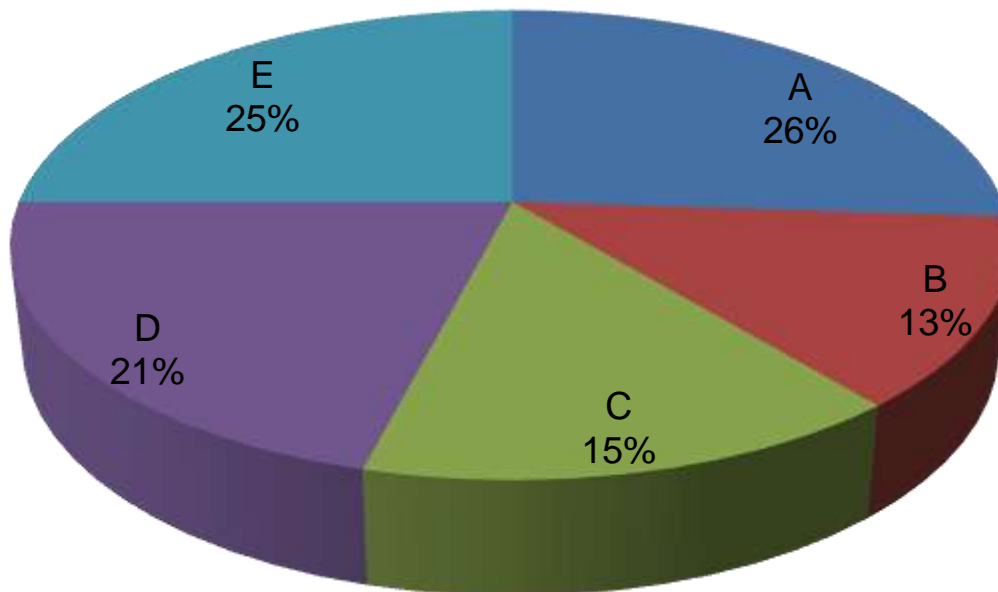
INDUSTRY EXPECTED PERFORMANCE

All tasks must be performed according to the applicable jurisdictional codes and standards. All health and safety standards must be respected and observed. Work should be done efficiently and at a high quality without material waste or environmental damage. All requirements of the manufacturer, client specifications, the Occupational Health and Safety (OH&S) Acts, and WHMIS regulations must be met. At a journeyperson level of performance, all tasks must be done with minimal direction and supervision. As a journeyperson progresses in their career, there is an expectation they continue to upgrade their skills and knowledge to keep pace with industry and promote continuous learning in their trade through mentoring of apprentices.

LANGUAGE REQUIREMENTS

It is expected that journeypersons are able to understand and communicate in either English or French, which are Canada's official languages. English or French are the common languages of business as well as languages of instruction in apprenticeship programs.

PIE CHART OF RED SEAL EXAMINATION WEIGHTINGS



MWA A	Performs common occupational skills	26%
MWA B	Installs structures	13%
MWA C	Installs conductor systems	15%
MWA D	Installs auxiliary equipment	21%
MWA E	Performs operation, maintenance and repair	25%

This pie chart represents a breakdown of the interprovincial Red Seal examination. Percentages are based on the collective input from workers from the trade from across Canada. The Task Matrix on the next pages indicates the breakdown of tasks and sub-tasks within each Major Work Activity and the breakdown of questions assigned to the Tasks. The Interprovincial examination for this trade has 125 questions.

POWERLINE TECHNICIAN

TASK MATRIX

A – Performs common occupational skills

26%

Task A-1 Performs safety-related functions 23%	A-1.01 Uses personal protective equipment (PPE) and safety equipment	A-1.02 Controls powerline hazards	A-1.03 Controls environmental hazards
	A-1.04 Performs lock-out and tag-out procedures	A-1.05 Performs temporary grounding and bonding procedures	
Task A-2 Uses and maintains tools and equipment 19%	A-2.01 Uses hand, power and powder-actuated tools and equipment	A-2.02 Uses electrical measuring and testing equipment	A-2.03 Uses rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment
Task A-3 Organizes work 16%	A-3.01 Interprets plans, drawings and specifications	A-3.02 Prepares worksite	A-3.03 Plans job tasks and procedures
Task A-4 Accesses work area 12%	A-4.01 Climbs poles and steel lattice structures	A-4.02 Uses access equipment	A-4.03 Uses on- and off-road equipment
Task A-5 Uses live-line methods 23%	A-5.01 Uses cover-up	A-5.02 Uses rubber gloves	A-5.03 Uses bare-hand methods (Not Common Core)
	A-5.04 Uses fibreglass reinforced plastic (FRP) tools (hot sticks)		
Task A-6 Uses communication and mentoring techniques 7%	A-6.01 Uses communication techniques	A-6.02 Uses mentoring techniques	

B – Installs structures

13%

Task B-7 Installs pole structures 79%	B-7.01 Frames pole structures	B-7.02 Sets pole structures	B-7.03 Installs pole structure guys and anchors
Task B-8 Installs steel lattice structures 21%	B-8.01 Assembles steel lattice structures	B-8.02 Erects steel lattice structures	B-8.03 Installs steel lattice structure guy wires and anchors

C – Installs conductor systems

15%

Task C-9 Installs overhead conductors and cables 67%	C-9.01 Strings overhead conductors and cables	C-9.02 Sags overhead conductors and cables	C-9.03 Ties-in overhead conductors and cables
	C-9.04 Installs splices and connections to overhead conductors and cables		
Task C-10 Installs underground and underwater cable 33%	C-10.01 Installs conduit and cable	C-10.02 Places direct buried cable	C-10.03 Splices underground and underwater cable
	C-10.04 Terminates underground and underwater cable		

D – Installs auxiliary equipment

21%

Task D-11 Installs lighting systems 13%	D-11.01 Installs street lights	D-11.02 Maintains street lights
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Task D-12
Installs voltage control equipment
33%

D-12.01 Installs transformers	D-12.02 Installs capacitors	D-12.03 Installs voltage regulators
D-12.04 Installs switches	D-12.05 Installs reactors (Not Common Core)	

Task D-13
Installs protection equipment
29%

D-13.01 Installs reclosers	D-13.02 Installs sectionalizers	D-13.03 Installs fuses
D-13.04 Installs lightning arrestors		

Task D-14
Installs metering equipment
17%

D-14.01 Installs primary metering equipment	D-14.02 Installs secondary metering equipment
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Task D-15
Installs communication devices
8%

D-15.01 Installs cellular antennas	D-15.02 Transfers communication lines
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E – Performs operation, maintenance and repair

25%

Task E-16
Operates distribution and transmission systems
26%

E-16.01 Operates transmission systems	E-16.02 Operates distribution systems	E-16.03 Performs station switching
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Task E-17
Maintains distribution and transmission systems
28%

E-17.01 Inspects distribution and transmission systems	E-17.02 Maintains pole structures	E-17.03 Maintains steel lattice structures
E-17.04 Maintains system components	E-17.05 Trims trees	

Task E-18
Repairs distribution systems
27%

E-18.01 Troubleshoots overhead distribution systems

E-18.02 Troubleshoots underground and underwater distribution systems

E-18.03 Repairs overhead distribution systems

E-18.04 Repairs underground and underwater distribution systems

Task E-19
Repairs transmission systems
19%

E-19.01 Troubleshoots overhead transmission systems

E-19.02 Troubleshoots underground and underwater transmission systems

E-19.03 Repairs overhead transmission systems

E-19.04 Repairs underground and underwater transmission systems

Harmonization of Apprenticeship Training

Provincial and territorial apprenticeship authorities are each responsible for their respective apprenticeship programs. In the spirit of continual improvement, and to facilitate mobility among apprentices in Canada, participating authorities have agreed to work towards harmonizing certain aspects of their programs where possible. After consulting with their stakeholders in the trade, they have reached consensus on the following elements. Note that implementation of these elements may vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction, depending on their own circumstances. For more information on the implementation in any province and territory, please contact that jurisdiction’s apprenticeship authority.

1. Trade name

The official Red Seal name for this trade is Powerline Technician.

2. Number of Levels of Apprenticeship

The number of levels of technical training recommended for this trade is 4 (four).

3. Total Training Hours During Apprenticeship Training

The total hours of training, including both on-the-job and in-school training for this trade is 7200.

4. Sequencing Topics and Related Sub-tasks

The topic titles in the table below are placed in a column for each apprenticeship level for technical training. Each topic is accompanied by the sub-tasks and their reference number. The topics in the grey shaded cells represent those that are covered “in context” with other training in the subsequent years.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Context	Context	Context
	Safety-Related Functions	Safety-Related Functions	Safety-Related Functions
	Organizes Work	Organizes Work	Organizes Work
	Tools and Equipment	Tools and Equipment	Tools and Equipment

<p>Safety-related functions 1.01 Uses personal protective equipment (PPE) and safety equipment 1.02 Controls powerline hazards 1.03 Controls environmental hazards 1.04 Performs lock-out and tag-out procedures 1.05 Performs temporary grounding and bonding procedures</p>
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Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
<p>Tools and Equipment 2.01 Uses hand, power and powder-actuated tools and equipment 2.02 Uses electrical measuring and testing equipment 2.03 Uses rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment</p>			
<p>Organizes Work 3.01 Interprets plans, drawings and specifications 3.02 Prepares worksite 3.03 Plans job tasks and procedures</p>			
<p>Work Area Access 4.01 Climbs poles and steel lattice structures 4.02 Uses access equipment 4.03 Uses on- and off-road equipment</p>			
<p>Live-Line Methods (Introduction) 5.01 Uses cover-up 5.02 Uses rubber gloves 5.04 Uses fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) tools (hot sticks)</p>	<p>Live-Line Methods 5.01 Uses cover-up 5.02 Uses rubber gloves 5.04 Uses fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) tools (hot sticks)</p>	<p>Live-Line Methods 5.01 Uses cover-up 5.02 Uses rubber gloves 5.04 Uses fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) tools (hot sticks)</p>	<p>Live-Line Methods 5.01 Uses cover-up 5.02 Uses rubber gloves 5.03 Uses bare hand methods 5.04 Uses fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) tools (hot sticks)</p>
<p>Communication 6.01 Uses communication techniques</p>			<p>Mentoring 6.02 Uses mentoring techniques</p>
<p>Pole Structures 7.01 Frames pole structures 7.02 Sets pole structures 7.03 Installs pole structure guys and anchors</p>			
<p>Steel Lattice Structures 8.01 Assembles steel lattice structures 8.02 Erects steel lattice structures 8.03 Installs steel lattice structure guy wires and anchors</p>			

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Overhead Conductors and Cables 9.01 Strings overhead conductors and cables (<i>Non-tension method</i>) 9.02 Sags overhead conductors and cables 9.03 Ties in overhead conductors and cables 9.04 Installs splices and connections to overhead conductors and cables	Overhead Conductors and Cables 9.01 Strings overhead conductors and cables (<i>Introduction to tension stringing method</i>) 9.02 Sags overhead conductors and cables 9.03 Ties in overhead conductors and cables 9.04 Installs splices and connections to overhead conductors and cables	Overhead Conductors and Cables 9.01 Strings overhead conductors and cables (<i>Distribution tension method</i>) 9.02 Sags overhead conductors and cables 9.03 Ties in overhead conductors and cables 9.04 Installs splices and connections to overhead conductors and cables	Overhead Conductors and Cables 9.01 Strings overhead conductors and cables (<i>Transmission tension method</i>) 9.02 Sags overhead conductors and cables 9.03 Ties in overhead conductors and cables 9.04 Installs splices and connections to overhead conductors and cables
	Underground and Underwater Cable (Secondary) 10.01 Installs conduit and cable 10.02 Places direct buried cable 10.03 Splices underground and underwater cable 10.04 Terminates underground and underwater cable	Underground and Underwater Cable (Primary) 10.01 Installs conduit and cable 10.02 Places direct buried cable 10.03 Splices underground and underwater cable 10.04 Terminates underground and underwater cable	
	Lighting Systems 11.01 Installs street lights 11.02 Maintains street lights		
Voltage Control Equipment 12.01 Installs transformers (<i>single-phase</i>) 12.04 Installs switches	Voltage Control Equipment 12.01 Installs transformers ¹ (<i>single-phase</i>) 12.04 Installs switches	Voltage Control Equipment 12.01 Installs transformers (<i>three-phase</i>) 12.03 Installs voltage regulators 12.04 Installs switches	Voltage Control Equipment 12.02 Installs capacitors 12.03 Installs voltage regulators 12.05 Installs reactors
	Protection Equipment 13.03 Installs fuses 13.04 Installs lightning arrestors	Protection Equipment² 13.01 Installs reclosers 13.02 Installs sectionalizers 13.03 Installs fuses	Protection Equipment 13.01 Installs reclosers 13.02 Installs sectionalizers 13.03 Installs fuses
	Metering Equipment 14.02 Installs secondary metering equipment	Metering Equipment 14.01 Installs primary metering equipment	
Communication Devices 15.02 Transfers communication lines			Communication Equipment 15.01 Installs cellular antennas

¹ Alberta, British Columbia (meet and exceed) 12.01 (Three-Phase) will be delivered in L2 and L3

² Ontario 13.01, 13.02 delivered in L2

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Distribution and Transmission Systems (Operation) 16.02 Operates distribution systems	Distribution and Transmission Systems (Operation) 16.01 Operates transmission systems	Distribution and Transmission Systems (Operation) 16.01 Operates transmission systems 16.02 Operates distribution systems 16.03 Performs station switching
	Distribution and Transmission Systems (Maintenance) 17.02 Maintains pole structures 17.04 Maintains system components 17.05 Trims trees	Distribution and Transmission Systems (Maintenance) 17.01 Inspects distribution and transmission systems 17.02 Maintains pole structures 17.04 Maintains system components	Distribution and Transmission Systems (Maintenance) 17.01 Inspects distribution and transmission systems 17.02 Maintains pole structures 17.03 Maintains steel lattice structures 17.04 Maintains system components
	Distribution Systems (Repair) 18.03 Repairs overhead distribution systems 18.04 Repairs underground and underwater distribution systems	Distribution Systems (Troubleshoot and Repair) 18.01 Troubleshoots overhead distribution systems 18.02 Troubleshoots underground and underwater distribution systems 18.03 Repairs overhead distribution systems 18.04 Repairs underground and underwater distribution systems	Distribution Systems (Troubleshoot and Repair) 18.01 Troubleshoots overhead distribution systems 18.02 Troubleshoots underground and underwater distribution systems 18.03 Repairs overhead distribution systems 18.04 Repairs underground and underwater distribution systems
	Transmission Systems (Repair) 19.03 Repairs overhead transmission systems 19.04 Repairs underground and underwater transmission systems	Transmission Systems (Troubleshoot and Repair) 19.01 Troubleshoots overhead transmission systems 19.02 Troubleshoots underground and underwater transmission systems 19.03 Repairs overhead transmission systems 19.04 Repairs underground and underwater transmission systems	Transmission Systems (Troubleshoot and Repair) 19.01 Troubleshoots overhead transmission systems 19.02 Troubleshoots underground and underwater transmission systems 19.03 Repairs overhead transmission systems 19.04 Repairs underground and underwater transmission systems

MAJOR WORK ACTIVITY A

Performs common occupational skills

TASK A-1 Performs safety-related functions

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians are responsible for ensuring the safety of themselves and others in the work environment. It is critical that powerline technicians be constantly aware of their surroundings and hazards they may encounter. These hazards may be electrical, gravitational, mechanical, vehicular, environmental or chemical. They present risks to the powerline technician, the public, the electrical system and equipment. Environmental hazards are those which present a risk to the surrounding environment.

A-1.01 Uses personal protective equipment (PPE) and safety equipment

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-1.01.01P	select and use personal protective equipment (PPE)	PPE is selected and used according to company policies and standards
A-1.01.02P	select and use safety equipment	safety equipment is selected and used according to job requirements
A-1.01.03P	ensure fit of PPE	PPE are adjusted to provide maximum protection for the individual
A-1.01.04P	clean and store PPE and safety equipment in designated area	PPE and safety equipment are cleaned and stored in designated area according to manufacturers' specifications and company policies
A-1.01.05P	tag and remove defective, expired, damaged or worn PPE and safety equipment from service	PPE and safety equipment are tagged and removed from service according to manufacturers' specifications and company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

PPE includes: hard hats, rubber gloves, safety boots, safety glasses, face shields, hearing protection, flame retardant clothing (FRC), arc flash clothing

safety equipment includes: fire extinguishers, first aid kits, rescue equipment, automated external defibrillator (AED), burn kit

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-1.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of safety equipment , their applications, maintenance and procedures for use	identify types of PPE and describe their applications and limitations
		describe procedures used to maintain PPE
A-1.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of safe work practices	identify overhead, underground and underwater hazards and describe safe work practices
A-1.01.03L	demonstrate knowledge of regulatory requirements pertaining to safety	identify and describe workplace safety and health regulations

RANGE OF VARIABLES

safety equipment includes: fire extinguishers, first aid kits, rescue equipment, automated external defibrillator (AED), burn kit

PPE includes: hard hats, rubber gloves, safety boots, safety glasses, face shields, hearing protection, flame retardant clothing (FRC), arc flash clothing

overhead work hazards include: foreign debris, broken poles, insulators, tie wires, crossarms

underground and underwater work hazards include: gases, fumes, flooding, cave-ins

A-1.02 Controls powerline hazards

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-1.02.01P	identify overhead work hazards	overhead work hazards are identified
A-1.02.02P	identify underground and underwater work hazards	underground and underwater work hazards are identified
A-1.02.03P	manage overhead, underground and underwater hazards	overhead, underground and underwater hazards are managed by using signage and protective barriers according to limits of approach and live-line procedures
A-1.02.04P	identify and manage second points of contact (step and touch potential)	second points of contact (step and touch potential) are identified and managed by installing protective barriers
A-1.02.05P	ventilate confined and restricted spaces	confined and restricted spaces are ventilated

A-1.02.06P	select and use rescue and monitoring equipment for confined spaces	rescue and monitoring equipment for confined spaces are selected and used according to work procedures and jurisdictional regulations
A-1.02.07P	communicate overhead, underground and underwater hazard information to stakeholders	overhead, underground and underwater hazard information is communicated to stakeholders

RANGE OF VARIABLES

overhead work hazards include: foreign debris, broken poles, insulators, tie wires, crossarms

underground and underwater work hazards include: gases, fumes, flooding, cave-ins

signage and protective barriers include: barricades, cover-up, rubber gloves, fibreglass reinforced plastic (FRP) tools (hot sticks)

confined and restricted spaces include: tunnels, trenches, vaults

rescue and monitoring equipment for confined spaces include: gas detector, tripod, self-retractable line (SRL) block

stakeholders include: co-workers, other work groups, the public, government agencies

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-1.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of safety equipment and PPE, their applications, maintenance and procedures for use	identify types of safety equipment and PPE, and describe their applications and limitations
		describe procedures used to maintain safety equipment and PPE
A-1.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of safe work practices	identify overhead, underground and underwater hazards and describe safe work practices
		identify and describe workplace safety and health regulations
A-1.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of live-line work and its applications	define terminology associated with live-line work
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to live-line work
		interpret information pertaining to live-line work found in procedures and specifications
		identify tools and equipment used for live-line work and describe their applications and procedures for use
		interpret information and perform calculations pertaining to live-line rigging
		identify types of live-line work and describe their applications
		identify line protection requirements relating to live-line work

A-1.02.04L	demonstrate knowledge of regulatory requirements pertaining to safety	interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to live-line work
A-1.02.05L	demonstrate knowledge of principles of live-line work	describe principles of live-line work
A-1.02.06L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to perform live-line work	describe procedures used to perform live-line work

RANGE OF VARIABLES

overhead work hazards include: foreign debris, broken poles, insulators, tie wires, crossarms

underground and underwater work hazards include: gases, fumes, flooding, cave-ins

live-line work includes: FRP tools (hot sticks), rubber gloves, bare-hand

tools and equipment for live-line work includes: FRP, insulated aerial device, rubber gloves, cover-up

information and calculations include: weights and tensions, working load limits (WLL), safe working loads (SWL)

procedures include: hold-offs, tailboard, limits of approach, work permits

A-1.03 Controls environmental hazards

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-1.03.01P	identify potential environmental hazards	potential environmental hazards are identified
A-1.03.02P	clean and report oil spill	oil spill is cleaned by using spill kits and reported according to location of spill and environmental regulations
A-1.03.03P	minimize environmental hazard	environmental hazard is minimized by installing protective barriers according to type of environmental hazard and jurisdictional regulations
A-1.03.04P	report environmental hazards to emergency services	environmental hazards are reported to emergency services and according to company standards
A-1.03.05P	adjust work procedures	work procedures are adjusted according to potential environmental hazards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

environmental hazards include: oil spills, gas spills, fire conditions, working in the vicinity of environmentally sensitive areas, protected wildlife

protective barriers include: silt screens, sand bags, dyke

work procedures include: use of tools and equipment, clean-up, reporting

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-1.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of safety equipment and PPE, their applications, maintenance and procedures for use	identify types of safety equipment and PPE, and describe their applications and limitations pertaining to environmental hazards
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain safety equipment and PPE pertaining to environmental hazards
		describe procedures to use safety equipment and PPE pertaining to environmental hazards
A-1.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of safe work practices	identify environmental hazards and describe safe work practices
A-1.03.03L	demonstrate knowledge of regulatory requirements pertaining to environmental hazards	interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to environmental hazards
		identify and describe workplace safety and health regulations pertaining to environmental hazards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

environmental hazards include: oil spills, gas spills, fire conditions, working in the vicinity of environmentally sensitive areas, protected wildlife

A-1.04 Performs lock-out and tag-out procedures

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-1.04.01P	coordinate lock-out and tag-out requirements	lock-out and tag-out requirements are coordinated with appropriate authorities, other trades and work groups
A-1.04.02P	identify isolation points for lock-out and tag-out	isolation points and voltage are identified using information
A-1.04.03P	isolate equipment	equipment is isolated
A-1.04.04P	lock-out and tag-out isolated equipment	equipment is locked-out and tagged-out according to work procedures

A-1.04.05P	test system for potential	system is tested for potential using voltage-rated equipment
A-1.04.06P	report and document lock-out and tag-out procedure	lock-out and tag-out procedure is reported and documented according to work procedures

RANGE OF VARIABLES

lock-out and tag-out requirements include: work permit, hold off, conditional permit

information includes: panel schedules, drawings, single-line diagrams, cable and equipment tags

equipment includes: elbows, isolation points, switches, circuits

voltage-rated equipment includes: voltmeters, high voltage testers, potential indicators

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-1.04.01L	demonstrate knowledge of lock-out and tag-out procedures and legislation	describe lock-out and tag-out procedures and legislation governing minimum standards
A-1.04.02L	demonstrate knowledge of safety checks of equipment	describe safety checks to be performed
A-1.04.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures for checking for potential	describe procedures for checking for potential

RANGE OF VARIABLES

equipment includes: elbows, isolation points, switches, circuits

A-1.05 Performs temporary grounding and bonding procedures

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-1.05.01P	select tools and equipment to perform temporary grounding and bonding procedures	tools and equipment are selected to perform temporary grounding and bonding procedures according to jurisdictional regulations and job requirements
A-1.05.02P	verify that tools and equipment have valid test date or expiration date	tools and equipment used to perform temporary grounding and bonding procedures are verified for valid test date or expiration date

A-1.05.03P	perform visual inspection and cleaning of tools and equipment	visual inspection and cleaning of tools and equipment used to perform temporary grounding and bonding procedures is performed
A-1.05.04P	maintain minimum approach distances (MAD) from second point of contact	MAD are maintained from second point of contact according to jurisdictional regulations
A-1.05.05P	position body and access equipment	body and access equipment are positioned for safety and ease of task, according to MAD
A-1.05.06P	perform potential check	potential check is performed
A-1.05.07P	install temporary grounding and bonding equipment	temporary grounding and bonding equipment is installed according to jurisdictional regulations and work procedures
A-1.05.08P	remove temporary grounding and bonding equipment	temporary grounding and bonding equipment is removed according to jurisdictional regulations and work procedures
A-1.05.09P	maintain, clean and store temporary grounding and bonding tools and equipment	temporary grounding and bonding tools and equipment are maintained, cleaned and stored or removed from service

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: temporary grounds, pole band, temporary ground rod, potential indicator, FRP tools (hot sticks), wire brush

access equipment include: See Appendix B

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-1.05.01L	demonstrate knowledge of principles of temporary grounding and bonding procedures	define terminology associated with temporary grounding and bonding procedures
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to temporary grounding and bonding procedures
		interpret jurisdictional codes, rules and regulations pertaining to temporary grounding and bonding procedures
		interpret information pertaining to temporary grounding and bonding procedures found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment used for temporary grounding and bonding procedures and describe their applications and procedures for use

		interpret information and calculations pertaining to temporary grounding and bonding procedures
		identify types of temporary grounding and bonding procedures and describe their applications
		identify line protection requirements relating to temporary grounding and bonding procedures
		describe principles of temporary grounding and bonding procedures
A-1.05.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to perform temporary grounding and bonding	describe procedures used to perform temporary grounding and bonding

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: temporary grounds, pole band, temporary ground rod, potential indicator, FRP tools (hot sticks), wire brush

information and calculations include: fault current levels, current leakage test

TASK A-2 Uses and maintains tools and equipment

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians must select, use and maintain tools and equipment in order to safely and effectively perform the duties of their trade.

A-2.01 Uses hand, power and powder-actuated tools and equipment

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-2.01.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment are selected and used according to manufacturers' specifications and company policies
A-2.01.02P	clean and store tools and equipment	tools and equipment are cleaned and stored according to manufacturers' specifications and company policies
A-2.01.03P	identify worn, damaged and defective tools and equipment	worn, damaged and defective tools and equipment are tagged and replaced or repaired according to manufacturers' specifications

A-2.01.04P	store shells for powder-actuated tools	shells for powder-actuated tools are stored according to jurisdictional regulations and Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS)
A-2.01.05P	sharpen hand tools	hand tools are sharpened
A-2.01.06P	lubricate and adjust tools and equipment	tools and equipment are lubricated and adjusted according to manufacturers' specifications
	assemble and disassemble tools and equipment	tools and equipment are assembled and disassembled for cleaning and repair

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: See Appendix B

hand tools include: knives, bits

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-2.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of tools and equipment , their applications, and procedures for use	identify types of hand tools and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of power tools and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of powder-actuated tools and describe their applications and procedures for use
A-2.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to inspect and maintain tools and equipment	describe procedures used to inspect and maintain hand tools
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain power tools
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain powder-actuated tools

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: See Appendix B

hand tools include: knives, bits

A-2.02 Uses electrical measuring and testing equipment

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-2.02.01P	select and use electrical measuring and testing equipment	electrical measuring and testing equipment is selected and used
A-2.02.02P	identify worn, damaged, expired and defective electrical measuring and testing equipment	worn, damaged, expired and defective electrical measuring and testing equipment are removed from service
A-2.02.03P	replace electrical measuring and testing equipment components	electrical measuring and testing equipment components are replaced
A-2.02.04P	store electrical measuring and testing equipment	electrical measuring and testing equipment is stored according to manufacturers' specifications

RANGE OF VARIABLES

electrical measuring and testing equipment includes: voltmeter, phasing sticks, rotation meter, ammeter, megger

electrical measuring and testing equipment components include: batteries, leads

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-2.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical measuring and testing equipment , their components , applications, maintenance and procedures for use	identify types of electrical measuring and test equipment and describe their general applications
A-2.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures to use electrical measuring and testing equipment , and their components	describe procedures used to inspect and maintain electrical measuring and test equipment and their components

RANGE OF VARIABLES

electrical measuring and testing equipment include: voltmeter, phasing sticks, rotation meter, ammeter, megger

electrical measuring and testing equipment components include: batteries, leads

A-2.03 Uses rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-2.03.01P	calculate weight of load	weight of load is calculated using load charts and name plates
A-2.03.02P	select rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment	rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment is selected according to job requirements
A-2.03.03P	identify the type of lift to be made (standard or critical)	standard or critical lifts are made according to worksite hazards and limitations
A-2.03.04P	measure weight of load and sag conductors	weight of load and sag conductors are measured using a dynamometer
A-2.03.05P	rig load	load is rigged according to job task to facilitate the hoisting of load
A-2.03.06P	splice ropes and tie knots	ropes are spliced according to manufacturers' specifications and knots are tied to assist in rigging
A-2.03.07P	hoist load considering factors	load is hoisted considering factors
A-2.03.08P	store rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment	rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment are stored according to manufacturers' specifications and company policies
A-2.03.09P	identify damaged, worn and unsafe rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment	damaged, worn and unsafe rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment are identified, tagged and removed from service
A-2.03.10P	clean and lubricate rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment	rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment are cleaned and lubricated according to manufacturers' specifications

RANGE OF VARIABLES

rigging equipment includes: slings, wire/conductor grips, shackles, ropes, cables

hoisting and lifting equipment includes: chain hoists, rope blocks, cable winches, capstan hoists, web hoist, levers

factors include: weight of load, travel path, weather conditions, conductor weights and tensions

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-2.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of <i>rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment</i> , their applications, limitations and procedures for use	define terminology associated with <i>rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment</i>
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to <i>rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment</i>
		identify codes and regulations pertaining to <i>rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment</i>
		interpret information pertaining to <i>rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment</i> found on drawings and specifications
		identify types of <i>rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment</i> and describe their applications and procedures for use
A-2.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of rigging, hoisting and lifting techniques	identify types of knots, hitches, splices and bends and describe their applications
		describe <i>considerations</i> when <i>rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment</i> or material
		describe procedures used when <i>rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment</i> or material

RANGE OF VARIABLES

rigging equipment includes: slings, wire/conductor grips, shackles, ropes, cables

hoisting and lifting equipment includes: chain hoists, rope blocks, cable winches, capstan hoists, web hoist, levers

considerations include: load characteristics, load charts, equipment and accessories, anchor points, sling angles

TASK A-3 Organizes work

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians organize their work by using documentation, work protection codes, standards and regulations, and by planning their daily tasks before starting a job. These tasks are important for safety and productivity.

A-3.01 Interprets plans, drawings and specifications

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-3.01.01P	locate information in specifications, standards and amendments	information is located in specifications, standards and amendments
A-3.01.02P	analyze plans, drawings and specifications	plans, drawings and specifications are analyzed
A-3.01.03P	verify materials required for job	materials required for job are verified

RANGE OF VARIABLES

information includes: symbols, abbreviations

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-3.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of drawings, schematics and specifications and their applications	define terminology associated with drawings, schematics and specifications
		identify types of drawings and describe their applications
A-3.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of interpreting and extracting information from drawings, schematics and specifications	interpret and extract information from drawings, schematics and specifications

RANGE OF VARIABLES

applications include: electrical, construction standards

information includes: symbols, abbreviations

A-3.02 Prepares worksite

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-3.02.01P	determine location of overhead and underground services	location of overhead and underground services is confirmed
A-3.02.02P	identify and remove or manage obstacles and hazards	obstacles and hazards are identified and removed or managed
A-3.02.03P	organize and choose materials and supplies	materials and supplies are organized and chosen according to job requirements
A-3.02.04P	identify and implement traffic control	traffic control needs are identified and implemented according to jurisdictional regulations

RANGE OF VARIABLES

overhead and underground services include: gas, communication, electrical, water, sewer

obstacles and hazards include: snow, ice, trees, boulders, traffic, public, workplace (biohazards [used needles]), fire, heights, chemicals, gas, radiation, asbestos, environmental (discharge/spills)

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-3.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of safe work practices	identify obstacles and hazards and describe safe work practices
A-3.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of regulatory requirements pertaining to safety	identify and describe workplace safety and health regulations
A-3.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to prepare worksite	identify sources of information relevant to planning job tasks identify codes and regulations pertaining to job planning describe considerations to follow the job plan and organize job tasks

RANGE OF VARIABLES

obstacles and hazards include: snow, ice, trees, boulders, traffic, public, workplace (biohazards [used needles]), fire, heights, chemicals, gas, radiation, asbestos, environmental (discharge/spills)

workplace safety and health regulations include: federal (safety data sheets [SDS], WHMIS, transportation of dangerous goods [TDG]), provincial/territorial (occupational health and safety [OH&S]), municipal

sources of information include: documentation (standard operating procedures [SOPs]), drawings), related professionals, clients

considerations include: permits, risk assessments (tailboard), personnel, tools and equipment, materials and supplies, scheduling/sequencing, environmental, traffic, public safety

A-3.03 Plans job tasks and procedures

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
A-3.03.01P	adapt work to weather conditions	work is adapted to weather conditions following safety parameters when performing live-line work
A-3.03.02P	determine impact to customers/public	impact to customers/public is determined
A-3.03.03P	estimate time to complete tasks	time to complete tasks is estimated to establish daily goals, taking into consideration the need for other trades/workers and their level of experience
A-3.03.04P	identify feeder status	feeder status is identified
A-3.03.05P	arrange for materials and supplies required for job	materials and supplies required for job are obtained
A-3.03.06P	obtain permits and authorizations for work	permits and authorizations for work are obtained

RANGE OF VARIABLES

impact to customers/public includes: outages, traffic control, property

permits and authorizations for work include: live-line, de-energized, self-protection permit

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-3.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to plan and organize job tasks	identify <i>sources of information</i> relevant to planning job tasks
		identify codes and regulations pertaining to job planning
		describe <i>considerations</i> to plan and organize job tasks

RANGE OF VARIABLES

sources of information include: documentation (SOPs, drawings), related professionals, clients

considerations include: permits, risk assessments (tailboard), personnel, tools and equipment, materials and supplies, scheduling/sequencing, environmental, traffic

TASK A-4 Accesses work area

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians access work areas by climbing poles and steel lattice structures, using access equipment, and on- and off-road equipment. They may be flown in helicopters to access structures in remote areas.

A-4.01 Climbs pole and steel lattice structures

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-4.01.01P	select and inspect <i>pole climbing equipment</i>	<i>pole climbing equipment</i> is selected and inspected according to manufacturers' specifications
A-4.01.02P	inspect pole or steel lattice structure	pole or steel lattice structure is inspected by performing visual checks and integrity tests to ensure safety and stability
A-4.01.03P	position and adjust <i>pole climbing equipment</i>	<i>pole climbing equipment</i> is positioned and adjusted according to type and size of pole or steel lattice structure, and individual fit

A-4.01.04P	use climbing techniques	climbing techniques are used according to working conditions
A-4.01.05P	perform pole top rescue	pole top rescue is performed according to company and fall-arrest standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

pole climbing equipment includes: belts, spurs, fall restrict equipment

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-4.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of pole structure climbing, <i>pole climbing equipment</i> , and its applications, limitations and procedures for use	define terminology associated with pole structure climbing and <i>pole climbing equipment</i>
		identify <i>hazards</i> and describe safe work practices pertaining to pole structure climbing and <i>pole climbing equipment</i>
		identify codes and <i>regulations</i> pertaining to <i>pole climbing equipment</i>
A-4.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to climb pole structures and inspect and maintain <i>pole climbing equipment</i>	identify <i>pole climbing equipment</i> and describe their characteristics and applications
		describe procedures used to climb using <i>pole climbing equipment</i>
		describe procedures used to perform pole top rescue
A-4.01.03L	demonstrate knowledge of steel lattice structure climbing, <i>steel lattice structure climbing equipment</i> , its applications, limitations and procedures for use	describe procedures used to inspect, maintain and store <i>pole climbing equipment</i>
		define terminology associated with <i>steel lattice structure climbing</i> and <i>equipment</i>
		identify <i>hazards</i> and describe safe work practices pertaining to <i>steel lattice structure climbing</i> and <i>equipment</i>
A-4.01.04L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to climb steel lattice structures and inspect and maintain <i>steel lattice structure climbing equipment</i>	identify codes and <i>regulations</i> pertaining to steel lattice structure climbing and associated equipment
		identify types of <i>steel lattice structure climbing equipment</i> and describe their characteristics and applications
		describe procedures used to climb using <i>steel lattice structure climbing equipment</i>

describe procedures used to perform rescue on steel lattice structures

describe procedures used to inspect, maintain and store **steel lattice structure climbing equipment**

RANGE OF VARIABLES

pole climbing equipment includes: belts, spurs, fall restrict equipment

hazards include: falling, electrocution

regulations include: training, certification requirements, jurisdictional

steel lattice structure climbing equipment includes: tower harnesses, lanyards, life-line/fall-line, shepherd's hook

A-4.02 Uses access equipment

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-4.02.01P	select and use access equipment	access equipment is selected and used according to job requirements
A-4.02.02P	use rescue systems	rescue systems are used for retrieval, descent and lateral transfers according to manufacturers' specifications
A-4.02.03P	identify and adapt to work conditions	work conditions are identified and adapted to
A-4.02.04P	use aerial work platform (AWP)	AWP is used according to manufacturers' specifications to access work position on structures
A-4.02.05P	use confined space monitoring equipment	confined space monitoring equipment is used according to jurisdictional regulations
A-4.02.06P	inspect, maintain, assemble and store access equipment	access equipment is inspected, maintained, assembled and stored according to company policies and manufacturers' specifications

RANGE OF VARIABLES

access equipment includes: See Appendix B (aerial work platforms) AWP??

work conditions include: slippery ground, inclement weather, uneven terrain

confined space monitoring equipment includes: gas detector, tripod, SRL block

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-4.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of access equipment , their characteristics, applications and limitations	define terminology associated with access equipment
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to access equipment
		identify codes and regulations pertaining to access equipment
		identify types of access equipment and describe their characteristics, applications and limitations
A-4.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to erect, remove, inspect, maintain, transport and store access equipment , their characteristics, applications and limitations	describe procedures used to erect and remove access equipment
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain access equipment
		describe procedures used to transport access equipment
		describe procedures used to store access equipment

RANGE OF VARIABLES

access equipment includes: See Appendix B (aerial work platforms)

hazards include: falling, electrocution

A-4.03 Uses on- and off-road equipment

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-4.03.01P	follow jurisdictional safety techniques for helicopter access and all-terrain vehicles	jurisdictional safety techniques for helicopter access and all-terrain vehicles are followed
A-4.03.02P	select and operate equipment	equipment is selected and operated according to job requirements and manufacturers' specifications

A-4.03.03P	level on- and off-road equipment	on- and off-road equipment is levelled to ensure stability according to manufacturers' specifications
A-4.03.04P	inspect on- and off-road equipment	on- and off-road equipment is inspected to ensure safe operation according to manufacturers' specifications and company standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

all-terrain vehicles include: quads, side-by-sides, boats, snowmobiles

manufacturers' specifications include: load chart information, WLL

on- and off-road equipment includes: bucket trucks (material handling, personnel lift), radial boom derricks, off-road track machines, hydro-vacuum excavators

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-4.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of on- and off-road equipment and their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with on- and off-road equipment
		identify types of on- and off-road equipment and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to on- and off-road equipment
		interpret regulations pertaining to on- and off-road equipment
		interpret information pertaining to on- and off-road equipment found in manufacturers' specifications
		identify on- and off-road equipment components and accessories and describe their characteristics and applications
A-4.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to operate, inspect and maintain on- and off-road equipment	describe procedures used to operate on- and off-road equipment
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain on- and off-road equipment

RANGE OF VARIABLES

on- and off-road equipment includes: bucket trucks (material handling, personnel lift), radial boom derricks, off-road track machines, hydro-vacuum excavators

hazards include: uneven terrain, vehicle roll-over, water, ice, wildlife

regulations include: training, certification, licensing requirements, environmental

information includes: load charts, WLL, SWL, stability

TASK A-5 Uses live-line methods

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Live-line work is done by powerline technicians so that electrical service is not interrupted. Proper work methods ensure safety and may vary by system authority and jurisdiction. Use of live-line bare-hand work procedures is a specialized area of powerline work.

A-5.01 Uses cover-up

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-5.01.01P	select and use tools and equipment to install cover-up	tools and equipment to install cover-up are selected and used according to job requirements
A-5.01.02P	select class and type of cover-up	class and type of cover-up is selected according to job specifications, circuit status and voltage
A-5.01.03P	verify cover-up has valid test date or expiration date	cover-up is verified for valid test date or expiration date
A-5.01.04P	perform visual inspection of cover-up for defects	visual inspection of cover-up for defects is completed
A-5.01.05P	install cover-up	cover-up is installed to prevent second point of contact
A-5.01.06P	maintain MAD from second point of contact	MAD are maintained from second point of contact according to job specifications, circuit status and voltage
A-5.01.07P	remove cover-up	cover-up is removed
A-5.01.08P	maintain, clean and store cover-up	cover-up is maintained, cleaned and stored according to manufacturers' specifications and company standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: rigging, live-line tools, hose/stick bag, clothes pins

cover-up includes: line hose, solid blanket, split blanket, insulator hood, hard covers

defects include: cuts, abrasions, corona cutting

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives	
A-5.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of principles of live-line work using cover-up	define terminology associated with live-line work using cover-up
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to live-line work using cover-up
		interpret jurisdictional codes, rules and regulations pertaining to live-line work using cover-up
		interpret information pertaining to live-line work using cover-up found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment used for live-line work using cover-up and describe their applications and procedures for use
		interpret information and calculations pertaining to live-line rigging using cover-up
		identify types of live-line work and describe their applications using cover-up
		identify line protection requirements relating to live-line work using cover-up
		describe principles of live-line work using cover-up
		identify class and types of cover-up
A-5.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures to use cover-up	describe procedures used for cover-up

RANGE OF VARIABLES

live-line work includes: FRP tools (hot sticks), rubber gloves, bare-hand

cover-up includes: line hose, solid blanket, split blanket, insulator hood, hard covers

tools and equipment include: rigging, live-line tools, hose/stick bag, clothes pins

information and calculations include: weights and tensions, WLL, SWL

A-5.02 Uses rubber gloves

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-5.02.01P	select class of rubber gloves	class of rubber gloves is selected according to voltage
A-5.02.02P	verify that rubber gloves have valid test date or expiration date	rubber gloves are verified for valid test date or expiration date
A-5.02.03P	perform air and roll tests and visually inspect rubber gloves	air and roll tests are performed and rubber gloves are visually inspected for cuts and abrasions before each use
A-5.02.04P	verify glove covers	glove covers are verified for class of rubber gloves
A-5.02.05P	visually inspect glove covers	glove covers are visually inspected for cuts and abrasions
A-5.02.06P	position body and access equipment	body and access equipment are positioned for safety and ease of task, according to MAD
A-5.02.07P	verify insulated aerial device has valid test date or expiration date	insulated aerial device is verified for valid test date or expiration date according to safety and company standards
A-5.02.08P	clean insulated aerial device	insulated aerial device is cleaned according to manufacturers' specifications
A-5.02.09P	perform current leakage test	current leakage test is performed according to jurisdictional regulations and company policies

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-5.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of principles of live-line work using rubber gloves	define terminology associated with live-line work using rubber gloves
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to live-line work using rubber gloves
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to live-line work using rubber gloves
		interpret information pertaining to live-line work using rubber gloves found on drawings and specifications

		identify tools and equipment used for live-line work using rubber gloves and describe their applications and procedures for use
		interpret information and calculations pertaining to live-line rigging using cover-up
		identify types of live-line work using cover-up and describe their applications
		identify line protection requirements relating to live-line work using cover-up
		describe principles of live-line work using cover-up
A-5.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to perform live-line work using rubber gloves	describe procedures used to perform live-line work using rubber gloves

RANGE OF VARIABLES

live-line work includes: FRP tools, rubber gloves, bare-hand

tools and equipment include: rubber gloves, insulated aerial device, current leakage meter

information and calculations include: weights and tensions, WLL, SWL, current leakage test

A-5.03 Uses bare-hand methods (Not Common Core)

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
no	no	no	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-5.03.01P	clean insulated aerial device	insulated aerial device is cleaned according to manufacturers' specifications
A-5.03.02P	perform current leakage test	current leakage test is performed according to safety standards and company policies
A-5.03.03P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment for bare-hand work are selected according to job requirements
A-5.03.04P	follow bare-hand methods	bare-hand methods are followed according to safety standards and company policies
A-5.03.05P	continuously observe current leakage meter	current leakage meter is continuously observed according to safety standards and company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: insulated aerial device, metal grids, current leakage meter

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-5.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of principles of live-line work using bare-hand methods	define terminology associated with live-line work using bare-hand methods
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to live-line work using bare-hand methods
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to live-line work using bare-hand methods
		interpret information pertaining to live-line work using bare-hand methods found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment used for live-line work using bare-hand methods and describe their applications and procedures for use
		interpret information and calculations pertaining to live-line rigging using bare-hand methods
		identify types of live-line work using bare-hand methods and describe their applications
		identify line protection requirements relating to live-line work using bare-hand methods
		describe principles of live-line work using bare-hand methods
A-5.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to perform bare-hand methods	describe procedures used to perform bare-hand methods

RANGE OF VARIABLES

live-line work includes: FRP tools (hot sticks), rubber gloves, bare-hand

tools and equipment include: insulated aerial device, metal grids, current leakage meter

information and calculations include: weights and tensions, WLL, SWL, current leakage test

A-5.04 Uses fibreglass reinforced plastic (FRP) tools (hot sticks)

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-5.04.01P	select FRP tools (hot sticks)	FRP tools (hot sticks) are selected according to job requirements
A-5.04.02P	verify FRP tools (hot sticks) have valid test or expiration dates	FRP tools (hot sticks) are verified for valid test or expiration dates
A-5.04.03P	calculate weights and tensions for FRP tool (hot stick) selection	weights and tensions for FRP tool (hot stick) selection are calculated
A-5.04.04P	select FRP tool (hot stick) attachments	FRP tool (hot stick) attachments are selected according to job requirements
A-5.04.05P	clean and visually inspect FRP tools (hot sticks)	FRP tools (hot sticks) are cleaned and visually inspected for defects before use
A-5.04.06P	position body and access equipment	body and access equipment are positioned for safety and ease of task, according to MAD
A-5.04.07P	store FRP tools (hot sticks)	FRP tools (hot sticks) are stored according to manufacturers' specifications

RANGE OF VARIABLES

FRP tools (hot sticks) include: hot sticks, universal sticks, switch sticks, hot line cutters, holding and lifting tongs with associated equipment, telescopic sticks, link sticks

FRP tool (hot stick) attachments include: tie cutters, rotary blades, rotary prongs, cotter key installers

defects include: cracks, loose fittings, scratches

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-5.04.01L	demonstrate knowledge of principles of live-line work using FRP tools (hot sticks)	define terminology associated with live-line work using FRP tools (hot sticks)
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to live-line work using FRP tools (hot sticks)
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to live-line work using FRP tools (hot sticks)
		interpret information pertaining to live-line work using FRP tools (hot sticks) found on drawings and specifications

		identify tools and equipment used for live-line work using FRP tools (hot sticks) and describe their applications and procedures for use
		interpret information and calculations pertaining to live-line rigging using FRP tools (hot sticks)
		identify types of live-line work using FRP tools (hot sticks) and describe their applications
		identify line protection requirements relating to live-line work using FRP tools (hot sticks)
		describe principles of live-line work using FRP tools (hot sticks)
A-5.04.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures to use FRP tools (hot sticks)	describe procedures used with FRP tools (hot sticks)

RANGE OF VARIABLES

live-line work includes: FRP tools (hot sticks), rubber gloves, bare-hand

FRP tools (hot sticks) include: hot sticks, universal sticks, switch sticks, hot line cutters, holding and lifting tongs with associated equipment, telescopic sticks, link sticks

tools and equipment include: jib, insulated aerial device

information and calculations include: weights and tensions, WLL, SWL

TASK A-6 Uses communication and mentoring techniques

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Learning in the trades is done primarily in the workplace with tradespeople passing on their skills and knowledge to apprentices, as well as sharing knowledge among themselves. Apprenticeship is, and always has been about mentoring – learning workplace skills and passing them on. Because of the importance of this to the trade, this task covers the activities related to communication in the workplace and mentoring skills.

A-6.01 Uses communication techniques

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-6.01.01P	demonstrate communication practices with individuals or in a group	instructions and messages are understood by all parties involved in communication
A-6.01.02P	listen using active listening practices	steps of active listening are utilized
A-6.01.03P	receive and respond to feedback on work	response to feedback indicates understanding and corrective measures are taken if required
A-6.01.04P	explain and provide feedback	explanation and feedback is provided and task is carried out as directed
A-6.01.05P	use questioning to improve communication	questions are used to enhance understanding, on-the-job training and goal setting
A-6.01.06P	participate in safety and information meetings	meetings are attended, information is relayed to the workforce, and is understood and applied

RANGE OF VARIABLES

active listening includes: hearing, interpreting, reflecting, responding, paraphrasing

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-6.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of trade terminology	define terminology used in the trade
A-6.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of effective communication practices	describe the importance of using effective verbal and non-verbal communication with people in the workplace identify sources of information to effectively communicate

	identify communication and learning styles
	describe effective listening and speaking skills
	identify personal responsibilities and attitudes that contribute to on-the-job success
	identify the value of diversity in the workplace
	identify communication that constitutes harassment and discrimination

RANGE OF VARIABLES

people in the workplace include: other tradespeople, colleagues, apprentices, supervisors, customers, jurisdictional authorities, manufacturers

sources of information include: jurisdictional regulations, standards, codes, occupational health and safety requirements, jurisdictional authority requirements, prints, drawings, operating maps, specifications, company and customer documentation

learning styles include: seeing it, hearing it, trying it

personal responsibilities and attitudes include: asking questions, working safely, accepting constructive feedback, time management and punctuality, respect for authority, good stewardship of materials, tools and property, efficient work practice, personal work ethics, responsibility for own actions

harassment includes: objectionable conduct, comment or display made either on a one-time or continuous basis that demeans, belittles, or causes personal humiliation or embarrassment to the recipient

discrimination is prohibited based on: race, national or ethnic origin, colour, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, marital status, family status, disability, genetic characteristics, pardoned conviction

A-6.02 Uses mentoring techniques

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
A-6.02.01P	identify and communicate learning objective and point of lesson	apprentice or learner can explain objective and point of lesson
A-6.02.02P	link lesson to other lessons and job	lesson order and unplanned learning opportunities are defined
A-6.02.03P	demonstrate performance of a skill to an apprentice or learner	steps required to demonstrate a skill are performed
A-6.02.04P	set up conditions required for an apprentice or learner to practice a skill	practice conditions are set up so that the skill can be practiced safely by the apprentice or learner

A-6.02.05P	assess apprentice or learner's ability to perform tasks with increasing independence	performance of apprentice or learner improves with practice to a point where skill can be done with little supervision
A-6.02.06P	give supportive and corrective feedback	apprentice or learner adopts best practice after having been given supportive or corrective feedback
A-6.02.07P	support apprentices or learners in pursuing technical training opportunities	technical training is completed within timeframe prescribed by apprenticeship authority
A-6.02.08P	support equity group apprentices	workplace is harassment and discrimination-free
A-6.02.09P	assess employee suitability to the trade during probationary period	apprentice or learner is given feedback that helps them identify their own strengths and weaknesses and suitability for the trade

RANGE OF VARIABLES

steps required to demonstrate a skill include: understanding the who, what, where, when, why, and how, explaining, showing, giving encouragement, following up to ensure skill is performed correctly

practice conditions means: guided, limited independence, full independence

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
A-6.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of strategies for learning skills in the workplace	describe the importance of individual experience
		describe the shared responsibilities for workplace learning
		determine one's own learning preferences and explain how these relate to learning new skills
		describe the importance of different types of skills in the workplace
		describe the importance of essential skills in the workplace
		identify different learning styles
		identify different learning needs and strategies to meet learning needs
		identify strategies to assist in learning a skill
A-6.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of strategies for teaching workplace skills	identify different roles played by a workplace mentor
		describe teaching skills
		explain the importance of identifying the point of a lesson
		identify how to choose a good time to present a lesson

	explain the importance of linking the lessons
	identify the components of the skill (the context)
	describe considerations in setting up opportunities for skill practice
	explain the importance of providing feedback
	identify techniques for giving effective feedback
	describe a skills assessment
	identify methods of assessing progress
	explain how to adjust a lesson to different situations

RANGE OF VARIABLES

essential skills are: reading, document use, writing, oral communication, numeracy, thinking, working with others, digital technology, continuous learning

learning styles include: seeing it, hearing it, trying it

learning needs include: learning disabilities, learning preferences, language proficiency

strategies to assist in learning a skill include: understanding the basic principles of instruction, developing coaching skills, being mature and patient, providing feedback

teaching skills include: identifying the point of the lesson, linking the lesson, demonstrating the skill, providing practice, giving feedback, assessing skills and progress

MAJOR WORK ACTIVITY B

Installs structures

TASK B-7 Installs pole structures

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Pole structures are installed to support overhead distribution and transmission power systems. They are made from various materials such as wood, steel, concrete and fibreglass.

B-7.01 Frames pole structures

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
B-7.01.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to frame pole structures are selected and used according to job requirements and company standards
B-7.01.02P	check pole stamp information	pole stamp information is checked to ensure pole meets engineering standards
B-7.01.03P	inspect poles for defects and structural integrity	poles are inspected for defects and to ensure they are treated properly
B-7.01.04P	install ground wire on pole structures	ground wire is installed on pole structures to provide a path to ground according to engineering standards and jurisdictional regulations
B-7.01.05P	measure distances for placement of hardware and equipment	distances for placement of hardware and equipment are measured according to company standards
B-7.01.06P	drill holes	holes are drilled straight and level at required spacing according to company standards
B-7.01.07P	attach hardware and equipment components	hardware and equipment components are attached according to company standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: cant hook, framing pole cradle, drill

pole stamp information includes: length, class, treatment type, pole type, date, manufacturer

defects include: knots, rotting

hardware includes: bolts, nuts, washers

equipment components include: pole mounted transformers, single-phase and three-phase switching points, capacitor banks, regulator banks, reclosers

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
B-7.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of pole structures , their components , characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with framing pole structures and their components
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to framing pole structures and their components
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to pole structures and their components
		interpret information pertaining to framing pole structures and their components found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to framing pole structures and their components and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of pole structures and their components and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify hardware and structure component accessories and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify types of equipment components
B-7.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to frame pole structures , their components and accessories	describe procedures used to frame pole structures , their components and accessories

RANGE OF VARIABLES

pole structures include: single-pole, multi-pole, tangent, angle, dead-end, take-off (or tap), joint use construction, self-supporting poles (wood, steel, fibreglass, concrete, laminate)

pole structure components include: crossarms, insulators, pole top pins

tools and equipment include: cant hook, framing pole cradle, drill

hardware includes: bolts, nuts, washers

equipment components include: pole mounted transformers, single-phase and three-phase switching points, capacitor banks, regulator banks, reclosers

B-7.02 Sets pole structures

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
B-7.02.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to set <i>pole structures</i> are selected and used according to job requirements
B-7.02.02P	obtain <i>locates</i>	<i>locates</i> are obtained according to jurisdictional regulations
B-7.02.03P	excavate hole(s)	hole(s) is excavated to required depth according to company standards
B-7.02.04P	install <i>pole structure supporting devices</i>	<i>pole structure supporting devices</i> are installed according to job requirements and soil condition
B-7.02.05P	place <i>pole structure</i> in hole	<i>pole structure</i> is placed in hole according to work procedures
B-7.02.06P	plumb and secure <i>pole structure</i>	<i>pole structure</i> is plumbed and secured according to work procedures and jurisdictional regulations

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: radial boom derrick (RBD), cant hook, insulated pole tongs

pole structures include: single-pole, multi-pole, tangent, angle, dead-end, take-off (or tap), joint use construction, self-supporting poles (wood, steel, fibreglass, concrete, laminate)

locates include: pipelines, utilities, water, sewer

pole supporting devices include: pole cribbing, rock mounts, tri-anchor brackets (star pole anchor)

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
B-7.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of principles of setting <i>pole structures</i>	define terminology pertaining to setting <i>pole structures</i>
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to setting <i>pole structures</i>
		interpret standards and jurisdictional regulations pertaining to setting <i>pole structures</i>
		interpret information found on drawings and specifications pertaining to setting <i>pole structures</i>

		identify tools and equipment pertaining to setting pole structures and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of pole structures and describe their characteristics and applications
B-7.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to set pole structures	describe procedures to set pole structures

RANGE OF VARIABLES

pole structures include: single-pole, multi-pole, tangent, angle, dead-end, take-off (or tap), joint use construction, self-supporting poles (wood, steel, fibreglass, concrete, laminate)

tools and equipment include: radial boom derrick (RBD), cant hook, insulated pole tongs

B-7.03 Installs pole structure guys and anchors

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
B-7.03.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment are selected and used according to manufacturers' specifications and job requirements
B-7.03.02P	obtain locates	locates are obtained according to jurisdictional regulations
B-7.03.03P	install anchors	anchors are installed according to job requirements and soil condition
B-7.03.04P	install attachments , guy strain insulators and guys	attachments , guy strain insulators and guys are installed according to company standards
B-7.03.05P	secure and tension guys	guys are secured and tensioned using tools and equipment according to company standards
B-7.03.06P	install guards and barriers	guards and barriers are installed according to company standards and jurisdictional regulations

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: chain hoists, RBD, slings, grips

locates include: pipelines, gas lines, communication, water, sewer, electric

anchors include: helix, rock, cross plates, expansion, log

attachments include: preforms, anchor eye nuts, three-bolt clamps

guys include: down, span, sidewalk (struts), push brace

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
B-7.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of principles of pole guys and anchors and their applications for use	define terminology associated with guys and anchors
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to the installation of guys and anchors
		interpret standards and jurisdictional regulations pertaining to the installation of guys and anchors
		interpret information pertaining to the installation of guys and anchors found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to the installation of guys and anchors and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of guys and anchors and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify guy and anchor attachments and describe their characteristics and applications
B-7.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install pole guys and anchors	describe procedures used to install pole guys and anchors

RANGE OF VARIABLES

guys include: down, span, sidewalk (struts), push brace

anchors include: helix, rock, cross plates, expansion, log

tools and equipment include: chain hoists, RBD, slings, grips

attachments include: preforms, anchor eye nuts, three-bolt clamps

TASK B-8 Installs steel lattice structures

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Steel lattice structures are installed to support overhead power systems. These structures are preferred in order to accommodate increased clearances required by high operating voltage, weight of conductors and longer distances between the structures.

B-8.01 Assembles steel lattice structures

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
B-8.01.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to assemble <i>steel lattice structures</i> are selected and used according to manufacturers' specifications and job requirements
B-8.01.02P	lay out and verify steel lattice structure components	steel lattice structure components are laid out and verified according to manufacturers' specifications
B-8.01.03P	assemble steel lattice structure components and hardware	steel lattice structure components and hardware are assembled using lifting equipment according to manufacturers' specifications and work procedures

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: torque wrench, impact drill, cranes

steel lattice structures include: dead-end, corner, tangent

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
B-8.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of assembling <i>steel lattice structures</i> , their components, characteristics and applications
	define terminology associated with <i>steel lattice structures</i>
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to assembly of <i>steel lattice structures</i>
	interpret standards and regulations pertaining to assembly of <i>steel lattice structures</i>

		identify tools and equipment pertaining to assembling steel lattice structures and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of steel lattice structures and describe their characteristics and applications
		interpret information pertaining to steel lattice structures found on drawings and specifications
B-8.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to assemble steel lattice structures and their components	describe procedures used to assemble steel lattice structures and their components

RANGE OF VARIABLES

steel lattice structures include: dead-end, corner, tangent

tools and equipment include: torque wrench, impact drill, cranes

B-8.02 Erects steel lattice structures

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
B-8.02.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to erect steel lattice structures are selected and used according to manufacturers' specifications and job requirements
B-8.02.02P	place and secure base or structure on footing	base of a multi-sectioned steel lattice structure or the entire structure is placed and secured according to manufacturers' specifications and company standards
B-8.02.03P	connect remaining steel lattice structure sections	remaining steel lattice structure sections are connected aloft and in sequence according to manufacturers' specifications and work procedures
B-8.02.04P	use temporary guy wires	temporary guy wires are used depending on type of structure according to work procedures to ensure stability during erection
B-8.02.05P	torque bolts	bolts are torqued according to manufacturers' specifications

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: slings, cranes, helicopters

steel lattice structures include: dead-end, corner, tangent

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
B-8.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to erect steel lattice structures	define terminology associated with steel lattice structures
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to erecting steel lattice structures
		interpret standards and jurisdictional regulations pertaining to steel lattice structures
		identify tools and equipment relating to erecting steel lattice structures and describe their applications and procedures for use
B-8.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to erect steel lattice structures and their components	describe procedures used to erect steel lattice structures and their components

RANGE OF VARIABLES

steel lattice structures include: dead-end, corner, tangent

tools and equipment include: slings, cranes, helicopters

B-8.03 Installs steel lattice structure guy wires and anchors

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS		
	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
B-8.03.01P	select anchor type	anchor type is selected according to company standards and soil condition
B-8.03.02P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment are selected and used according to manufacturers' specifications and job requirements
B-8.03.03P	select guy wire size and guy attachments	guy wire size and guy attachments are selected according to company standards

B-8.03.04P	obtain locates	locates are obtained according to jurisdictional regulations
B-8.03.05P	position and install anchors for structures	anchors are positioned and installed for structures according to work procedures and company standards
B-8.03.06P	assemble, secure and tension guy wires	guy wires are assembled, secured and tensioned while ensuring structure is plumb according to company standards and work procedures

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: chain hoists, RBD, grips, dynamometer

locates include: pipelines, gas lines, communication, water, sewer, electric

anchors include: helix, rock, cross plates, expansion

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
B-8.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of guy wires and anchors , their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with guy wires and anchors
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to installing guy wires and anchors
		interpret standards and jurisdictional regulations pertaining to the installation of guy wires and anchors
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to the installation of guy wires and anchors and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of guy wires and anchors and describe their characteristics and applications
		interpret information pertaining to installation of guy wires and anchors found on drawings and specifications
B-8.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install guy wires and anchors	describe procedures used to install guy wires and anchors

RANGE OF VARIABLES

anchors include: helix, rock, cross plates, expansion

tools and equipment include: chain hoists, RBD, grips, dynamometer

MAJOR WORK ACTIVITY C

Installs conductor systems

TASK C-9 Installs overhead conductors and cables

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Overhead conductors and cables are installed to deliver electricity from the generating facilities (wind, solar, coal, hydro) to customers. They are also used to interconnect utilities. This includes communication lines such as fibre optic cable.

Overhead conductors are easier to access than underground or underwater conductors. There are various types of overhead conductors such as primary and secondary. Some are bare and others are insulated.

C-9.01 Strings overhead conductors and cables

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
C-9.01.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to string overhead conductors and cables are selected and used according to job requirements
C-9.01.02P	install travelers	travellers are installed on pole or steel lattice structures
C-9.01.03P	run conductor or rope through travellers	conductor or rope is temporarily run through travellers to reduce friction when sagging
C-9.01.04P	attach pulling equipment	pulling equipment is attached to conductor or rope
C-9.01.05P	set up and operate stringing equipment	stringing equipment is set up and operated when installing overhead conductors and cables

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: pulling equipment, tension stringing equipment, grounding equipment, break-a-ways, cover-up

overhead conductors and cables include: transmission, distribution

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
C-9.01.01L demonstrate knowledge of overhead conductors and cables , their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with overhead conductors and cables
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to overhead conductors and cables
	interpret utility standards pertaining to overhead conductors and cables
	interpret information pertaining to overhead conductors and cables found on drawings and specifications
	identify tools and equipment relating to stringing overhead conductors and cables and describe their applications and procedures for use
	identify types of overhead conductors and cables and describe their characteristics and applications
C-9.01.02L demonstrate knowledge of conductor and cable protection methods , procedures and their applications	identify conductor and cable protection methods and describe their characteristics, procedures and applications
	describe conductor and cable protection methods used to provide electrical protection
C-9.01.03L demonstrate knowledge of distribution lines, their applications and operation	define terminology associated with distribution lines
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to distribution lines
	interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to distribution lines
	interpret information pertaining to distribution lines found on drawings and specifications
	identify tools and equipment relating to stringing distribution lines and describe their applications and procedures for use
	explain principles of electrical distribution
	identify types of electrical distribution systems and describe their characteristics and applications
C-9.01.04L demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to string distribution lines	describe procedures used to string distribution lines

		describe distribution line design theory
		identify basic electrical design requirements of distribution lines
C-9.01.05L	demonstrate knowledge of transmission lines, their applications and operation	define terminology associated with transmission lines
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to transmission lines
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to transmission lines
		interpret information pertaining to transmission lines found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to transmission lines and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of transmission lines and describe their characteristics and applications
C-9.01.06L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
		identify transmission lines components and describe their applications and operation
		describe procedures used to install transmission lines
C-9.01.07L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used in temporary grounding and bonding of transmission and distribution lines	identify temporary grounding and bonding procedures pertaining to transmission and distribution lines
		describe procedures used for temporary grounding and bonding of transmission and distribution lines
		explain troubleshooting and repair procedures pertaining to transmission and distribution lines

RANGE OF VARIABLES

overhead conductors and cables include: transmission, distribution

conductor and cable protection methods include: mechanical, electrical

tools and equipment include: pulling equipment, tension stringing equipment, grounding equipment, break-a-ways, cover-up

procedures used to string distribution lines include: conventional stringing, non-tension, tension stringing

C-9.02**Sags overhead conductors and cables**

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
C-9.02.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to sag overhead conductors and cables are selected and used according to job requirements
C-9.02.02P	adjust conductor and cable tension	conductor and cable tension is adjusted based on <i>information</i>
C-9.02.03P	secure conductor and cable	conductor and cable are secured to dead-end fixtures depending on type and size of conductor

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: jacks, slings, chains, grips, sag boards, scopes, transits, dynamometer

information includes: sag charts, temperature, conductor type, weights and tensions

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
C-9.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of effects of sagging on overhead conductors and cables	define terminology associated with sagging overhead conductors and cables
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to sagging overhead conductors and cables
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to sagging overhead conductors and cables
		interpret <i>information</i> and perform calculations pertaining to sagging overhead conductors and cables found on drawings and specifications
		identify <i>tools and equipment</i> relating to sagging overhead conductors and cables and describe their applications and procedures for use
		explain effects of sagging on overhead conductors and cables
		identify types and sizes of overhead conductors and cables and describe their characteristics and applications

		identify considerations and requirements for selecting dead-ends for overhead conductors and cables
C-9.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to sag overhead conductors and cables	describe procedures used to sag overhead conductors and cables

RANGE OF VARIABLES

information includes: sag charts, temperature, conductor type, weights and tensions

tools and equipment include: jacks, slings, chains, grips, sag boards, scopes, transits, dynamometer

C-9.03 Ties-in overhead conductors and cables

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
C-9.03.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to tie-in overhead conductors and cables are selected and used according to job requirements
C-9.03.02P	transfer conductor and cables	conductor and cables are transferred from travellers to insulators
C-9.03.03P	install components	components are installed according to company standards
C-9.03.04P	secure conductor and cables	conductor and cables are secured using clamps or ties
C-9.03.05P	remove travellers	travellers are removed

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: lineman pliers, ratchets, wrenches, cordless impact driver

components include: dampers, spacers, aerial markers, armour rods

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
C-9.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead conductor and cable tie-ins and components	define terminology associated with overhead conductor and cable tie-ins and components
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to overhead conductor and cable tie-ins and components

		interpret utility standards pertaining to overhead conductor and cable tie-ins and components
		interpret information pertaining to overhead conductor and cable tie-ins and components found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to tying in overhead conductor and cable tie-ins and components and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify overhead conductor and cable tie-ins and components
		identify considerations and requirements for selecting overhead conductor and cable tie-ins and components
C-9.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of conductor and cable protection methods used for tie-ins	identify conductor and cable protection methods used for tie-ins
		describe conductor and cable protection methods used to provide mechanical protection and support
C-9.03.03L	demonstrate knowledge of distribution and transmission lines, their components , applications and operation	identify distribution and transmission lines and their components
		describe the application and operation of distribution and transmission lines and their components

RANGE OF VARIABLES

components include: dampers, spacers, aerial markers, armour rods

tools and equipment include: lineman pliers, ratchets, wrenches, cordless impact driver

conductor and cable protection methods include: mechanical, electrical

C-9.04**Installs splices and connections to overhead conductors and cables**

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
C-9.04.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to splice overhead conductors and cables are selected and used according to job requirements
C-9.04.02P	select and apply <i>sleeves</i>	<i>sleeves</i> are selected and applied on ends of overhead conductors and cables to be spliced according to engineering standards
C-9.04.03P	select and apply <i>connectors</i>	<i>connectors</i> are selected and applied on ends of overhead conductors and cables to be connected according to engineering standards
C-9.04.04P	follow splicing techniques	splicing techniques are followed according to manufacturers' specifications

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: wire brushes, cable cutters, presses, jacks, powder-actuated tools

sleeves include: automatic, mechanical, compression, implosive

connectors include: powder-actuated, mechanical, compression, implosive

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
C-9.04.01L	demonstrate knowledge of splices and connections for overhead conductors and cables	define terminology associated with splices and connections for overhead conductors and cables
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to splices and connections for conductors and cables
		interpret utility standards pertaining to splices and connections for overhead conductors and cables
		interpret information pertaining to splices and connections for overhead conductors and cables found on drawings and specifications
		identify <i>tools and equipment</i> relating to splices and connections for overhead conductors and cables and describe their applications and procedures for use

		identify types of splices and connections for overhead conductors and cables and describe their characteristics and applications
C-9.04.02L	demonstrate knowledge of conductor and cable protection methods for splices and connections	identify conductor and cable protection methods for splices and connections and, describe their characteristics, procedures and applications
		describe conductor and cable protection methods used to provide electrical protection for splices and connections
C-9.04.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to splice conductors and cables	describe procedures used to splice conductors and cables

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: wire brushes, cable cutters, presses, jacks, powder-actuated tools
conductor and cable protection methods include: mechanical, electrical

TASK C-10 Installs underground and underwater cable

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians install underground and underwater cable for aesthetic, clearance, geographic and safety reasons. These types of installations require special care when installing. If improperly installed, repair is more costly and time consuming which in turn affects customer service because of longer outages.

C-10.01 Installs conduit and cable

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
C-10.01.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to install conduits and cable are selected and used according to job requirements
C-10.01.02P	excavate trenches	trenches are cut for conduit and cable placement
C-10.01.03P	place conduits	conduits are placed in trench or waterway according to company standards and jurisdictional regulations

C-10.01.04P	install pulling ropes or tape	pulling ropes or tape are installed to facilitate future cable installation
C-10.01.05P	backfill trenches	trenches are backfilled using materials
C-10.01.06P	tamp soil	soil is tamped using compacting equipment
C-10.01.07P	prepare conduit for cable installation	conduit is prepared for cable installation by cleaning and clearing conduit
C-10.01.08P	apply cable lubricant	cable lubricant is applied to reduce friction when running cable through conduit
C-10.01.09P	attach pulling connections	pulling connections are attached to pulling rope
C-10.01.10P	pull cable through conduit	cable is pulled through conduit
C-10.01.11P	label cable	cable is labeled to identify circuit and phasing

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: trenchers, vibratory plow, directional drill, backhoe, tamper, shovel, tugger, winch, swivel, cable pulling sock

materials include: sand, clean fill, native soil

pulling connections include: swivels, cable pulling sock

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
C-10.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater systems , their components , characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with underground and underwater systems and their components
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to underground and underwater systems
		interpret utility standards pertaining to underground and underwater systems
		interpret information pertaining to underground and underwater systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to underground and underwater systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of underground and underwater systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify underground and underwater systems components and describe their characteristics and applications

		identify considerations and requirements for selecting underground and underwater systems and their components
C-10.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of cable protection methods and their applications	identify cable protection methods and describe their characteristics and applications
		describe procedures used to provide protection for underground and underwater cables
C-10.01.03L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater systems construction principles	explain principles of underground and underwater systems construction
C-10.01.04L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install underground and underwater systems , and their components	describe procedures used to install underground and underwater systems , and their components

RANGE OF VARIABLES

underground and underwater systems include: radial, loop, network

components include: cables (concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, conduit

tools and equipment include: trenchers, vibratory plow, directional drill, backhoe, tamper, shovel, tugger, winch, swivel, cable pulling sock

cable protection methods include: mechanical, electrical

C-10.02 Places direct buried cable

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
C-10.02.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to place direct buried underground and underwater cable are selected and used according to job requirements
C-10.02.02P	excavate trenches	trenches are cut for direct buried underground and underwater cable placement
C-10.02.03P	lay direct buried underground and underwater cable	direct buried underground and underwater cable are placed in trench or waterway according to company standards and jurisdictional regulations

C-10.02.04P	label direct buried underground and underwater cable	direct buried underground and underwater cable are labeled to identify circuit and phasing
C-10.02.05P	backfill trenches	trenches are backfilled using materials
C-10.02.06P	tamp soil	soil is tamped using compacting equipment

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: trenchers, vibratory plow, directional drill, backhoe, tamper, shovel, swivel, cable pulling sock

materials include: sand, clean fill, native soil

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
C-10.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of direct buried underground and underwater cable	define terminology associated with direct buried underground and underwater cable
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to direct buried underground and underwater cable
		interpret information pertaining to direct buried underground and underwater cable found on drawings and specifications
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to underground and underwater systems
		identify tools and equipment relating to direct buried underground and underwater cable and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of direct buried underground and underwater cable and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify direct buried underground and underwater cable components and accessories and describe their characteristics and applications
C-10.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of cable protection methods and their applications	identify cable protection methods and describe their characteristics and applications
		describe procedures used to provide protection for direct buried underground and underwater cable

C-10.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of direct buried underground and underwater systems construction principles	explain principles of direct buried underground and underwater systems construction
C-10.02.04L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install direct buried underground and underwater systems , and their components	describe procedures used to install direct buried underground and underwater systems , and their components

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: trenchers, vibratory plow, directional drill, backhoe, tamper, shovel, swivel, cable pulling sock

cable protection methods include: mechanical, electrical

underground and underwater systems include: radial, loop, network

C-10.03 Splices underground and underwater cable

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
C-10.03.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to splice underground and underwater cable are selected and used according to job requirements
C-10.03.02P	prepare cable	cable is prepared according to manufacturers' specifications and company standards
C-10.03.03P	apply sleeve	sleeves are applied on ends of cables to be spliced according to engineering standards
C-10.03.04P	make mechanical or compression connection	connection is installed according to manufacturers' specifications
C-10.03.05P	complete splice	splice is completed according to manufacturers' specifications and company standards
C-10.03.06P	label cable	cable is labeled to identify circuit and phasing

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: wire brushes, cable cutters, cable strippers, presses, tape measure, ratchets, hacksaws, lineman pliers, hack knife

cables include: concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded

sleeves include: mechanical, compression

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
C-10.03.01L demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater splices for cables , their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with splices for underground and underwater cables
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to splices for underground and underwater cables
	interpret utility standards pertaining to splices for underground and underwater cables
	interpret information pertaining to splices for underground and underwater cables found on drawings and specifications
	identify tools and equipment relating to splices for underground and underwater cables and describe their applications and procedures for use
C-10.03.02L demonstrate knowledge of cable protection methods and their characteristics, applications and procedures used to provide protection	identify types of splices for underground and underwater cables and describe their characteristics and applications
	identify cable protection methods and describe their characteristics and applications
C-10.03.03L demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater systems , their characteristics and applications	describe procedures used to provide protection for underground and underwater cable splices
	define terminology associated with underground and underwater systems
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to underground and underwater systems
	interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to underground and underwater systems
	interpret information pertaining to underground and underwater systems found on drawings and specifications
	identify tools and equipment relating to underground and underwater systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
	identify types of underground and underwater systems and describe their applications

		identify underground and underwater systems components and accessories and describe their characteristics and applications
C-10.03.04L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater systems construction principles	explain principles of underground and underwater systems construction
C-10.03.05L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to splice and test underground and underwater cables	describe procedures used to cut, strip and splice underground and underwater cables
		describe procedures used to test underground and underwater cables

RANGE OF VARIABLES

cables include: concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded

tools and equipment include: wire brushes, cable cutters, cable strippers, presses, tape measure, ratchets, hacksaws, lineman pliers, hack knife

cable protection methods include: mechanical, electrical

underground and underwater systems include: radial, loop, network

underground and underwater system components and accessories include: cables (concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems

C-10.04 Terminates underground and underwater cable

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
C-10.04.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to terminate underground and underwater cable are selected and used according to job requirements
C-10.04.02P	prepare underground and underwater cable for termination	underground and underwater cable is prepared for termination by following manufacturers' specifications and company standards
C-10.04.03P	apply fittings	fittings are applied on end of underground and underwater cable to be terminated according to engineering standards
C-10.04.04P	make connection	connectors are installed on underground and underwater cables according to manufacturers' specifications and company standards

C-10.04.05P	install terminations	terminations are installed on end of underground and underwater cable according to manufacturers' specifications and company standards
C-10.04.06P	test underground and underwater cable integrity	confirm underground and underwater cable integrity using methods
C-10.04.07P	label underground and underwater cable	underground and underwater cable is labeled to identify circuit and phasing

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: wire brushes, cable cutters, cable strippers, presses, tape measure, ratchets, hacksaws, lineman pliers, hatchet, heat gun

terminations include: elbows, stress cones, t-body

methods include: ultra low frequency (ULF), very low frequency (VLF), resistance test, high potential test

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
C-10.04.01L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater cable terminations	define terminology associated with underground and underwater cable terminations
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to underground and underwater cable terminations
		interpret utility standards pertaining to underground and underwater cable terminations
		interpret information pertaining to underground and underwater cable terminations found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to underground and underwater cable terminations and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of underground and underwater cable terminations and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify cable protection methods and describe their characteristics and applications
C-10.04.02L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater cable protection methods and their applications	describe procedures used to provide protection for underground and underwater cable terminations
C-10.04.03L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater systems , their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with underground and underwater systems

		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to underground and underwater systems
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to underground and underwater systems
		interpret information pertaining to underground and underwater systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to underground and underwater systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of underground and underwater systems and describe their applications
		identify underground and underwater systems components and accessories and describe their characteristics and applications
C-10.04.04L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater system construction principles	explain principles of underground and underwater systems construction
C-10.04.05L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to terminate and test underground and underwater cables	describe procedures used to test underground and underwater cables
		describe procedures used to terminate underground and underwater cables

RANGE OF VARIABLES

cables include: concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded

tools and equipment include: wire brushes, cable cutters, cable strippers, presses, tape measure, ratchets, hacksaws, lineman pliers, hatchet, heat gun

cable protection methods include: mechanical, electrical

underground and underwater systems include: radial, loop, network

underground and underwater system components and accessories include: cables (concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems

MAJOR WORK ACTIVITY D

Installs auxiliary equipment

TASK D-11 Installs lighting systems

TASK DESCRIPTOR

This task explains the process of assembling, installing and maintaining lighting systems on structures.

D-11.01 Installs street lights

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
D-11.01.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to install street lights are selected and used according to job requirements
D-11.01.02P	select street light components and wiring	street light components and wiring are selected according to company standards
D-11.01.03P	assemble fixture and mounting arm components	fixture and mounting arm components are assembled according to manufacturers' specifications
D-11.01.04P	fasten mounting arm	mounting arm is fastened to structure according to company standards for location and fastening procedures
D-11.01.05P	mount and position fixture	fixture is mounted and positioned to direct light to desired location
D-11.01.06P	connect fixture wiring	fixture wiring is connected according to company standards
D-11.01.07P	test operation of street light	operation of street light is tested

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, compression tools, multi-meters

company standards include: voltage, wattage, type required, location

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-11.01.01L demonstrate knowledge of street lighting systems, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with street lighting systems
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to installing street lighting systems
	interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to street lighting systems
	identify tools and equipment relating to street lighting systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
	identify types of street lighting systems and describe their characteristics and applications
	identify street lighting system components and accessories and describe their characteristics and applications
	identify considerations and requirements for selecting street lighting system components and accessories
D-11.01.02L demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install, connect, troubleshoot and test street lighting systems, their components and accessories	describe procedures used to install and connect street lighting systems, their components and accessories
	describe procedures used to troubleshoot and test street lighting systems, their components and accessories
D-11.01.03L demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to store and dispose of ballasts, capacitors and lamps	describe procedures used to store and dispose of ballasts, capacitors and lamps
	identify hazards associated with storage and disposal of ballasts, capacitors and lamps

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, compression tools, multi-meters

types of street lighting systems include: light-emitting diode (LED), cascade, pilot wire

street lighting system components include: lamps, bird stops, photocells, installation arms, starter

D-11.02 Maintains street lights

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
D-11.02.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to maintain street lights are selected and used according to job requirements
D-11.02.02P	visually inspect street lights	street lights are visually inspected for problems
D-11.02.03P	check source voltage	source voltage is checked using multi-meters
D-11.02.04P	check for defective street lighting system components	defective street lighting system components are identified using multi-meters
D-11.02.05P	check for correct bulb	bulb is confirmed according to type of fixture and manufacturers' specifications
D-11.02.06P	repair, replace and dispose of damaged street lighting system components	damaged street lighting system components are repaired, replaced and disposed of according to manufacturers' specifications and environmental regulations
D-11.02.07P	test operation of street light	operation of street light is tested

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: AWP, compression tools, multi-meters

problems include: loose connections, burnt wires, broken photocells, burnt out bulbs

street lighting system components include: lamps, bird stops, photocells, installation arms, starter

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-11.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of street lighting systems, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with street lighting systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to street lighting systems
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to street lighting systems
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to street lighting systems and describe their applications and procedures for use

		identify types of street lighting systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify street lighting system components and accessories and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify considerations and requirements for selecting street lighting system components and accessories
D-11.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to troubleshoot, inspect, maintain, repair and test street lighting systems, their components and accessories	describe procedures used to troubleshoot street lighting systems, their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain street lighting systems, their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to repair and test street lighting systems, their components and accessories
D-11.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to store and dispose of ballasts, capacitors and lamps	describe procedures used to store and dispose of ballasts, capacitors and lamps
		identify hazards associated with storage and disposal of ballasts, capacitors and lamps

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: AWP, compression tools, multi-meters

types of street lighting systems include: LED, cascade, pilot wire, high intensity discharge (HID)

street lighting system components include: lamps, bird stops, photocells, installation arms, starter

TASK D-12 Installs voltage control equipment

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians install transformers, capacitors, regulators, switches and reactors in order to control or modify voltage, and to maintain the correct power factor. This ensures a reliable product for customers. For example, it helps to keep machinery running at a consistent pace and minimizes damage to sensitive electrical equipment.

D-12.01 Installs transformers

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
D-12.01.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to install transformers are selected and used according to job requirements
D-12.01.02P	select transformer	transformer required for application is selected by interpreting name plate information and according to job requirements
D-12.01.03P	check and change internal connections	internal connections are checked or changed according to required voltage
D-12.01.04P	fasten aerial transformer	aerial transformer is fastened to structure according to company standards and manufacturers' specifications
D-12.01.05P	position and secure pad-mounted transformer on pad	pad-mounted transformer is positioned on pad and secured according to company standards and manufacturers' specifications
D-12.01.06P	make wiring connections	wiring connections are made according to company standards
D-12.01.07P	energize transformer and check voltage and phase rotation	transformer is energized, and voltage and phase rotation is checked
D-12.01.08P	install identification labelling on pad-mounted transformers	identification labelling is installed on pad-mounted transformers according to company standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, FRP tools (hot sticks), multi-meter, phase rotation meter, transformer tester

wiring connections include: primary, secondary, grounding, transmission

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives	
D-12.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of transformer operating principles	define terminology associated with transformers
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to transformers
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to transformers
		interpret information pertaining to transformers found on nameplates, drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to transformers and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of distribution transformers and describe their applications
		explain transformer operating principles and their applications
		perform transformer load calculations
		describe single-phase transformer wiring configurations
		describe procedures used for paralleling single-phase transformers
D-12.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of transformer components , their applications and operation	identify transformer components and describe their purpose and operation
D-12.01.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install transformers	describe procedures used to install transformers
D-12.01.04L	demonstrate knowledge of managing hazardous materials associated with transformers	describe procedures used to manage oils and other petroleum products pertaining to transformers
D-12.01.05L	demonstrate knowledge of transformer banking	define terminology associated with transformer banking
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to transformer banking
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to transformer banking
		interpret information pertaining to transformer banking found on nameplates, drawings and specifications

		identify tools and equipment relating to transformer banking and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify considerations for selecting transformer banks to satisfy clients' needs
		describe transformer bank wiring configurations
		explain transformer fusing principles and their applications relating to transformer banks
D-12.01.06L	demonstrate knowledge of self-contained three-phase transformers	identify the characteristics of self-contained three-phase transformers
D-12.01.07L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install transformer banks	describe procedures used to install transformer banks
		describe procedures used for paralleling transformer banks
		describe procedures used to perform tests on transformer banks
D-12.01.08L	demonstrate knowledge of transformer connection types, their applications and implications	identify types of transformer connections and describe their applications
D-12.01.09L	demonstrate knowledge of power transformer operating principles	define terminology associated with power transformers
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to power transformers
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to power transformers
		interpret information pertaining to power transformers found on nameplates, drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to power transformers and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of power transformers and describe their applications
		identify types of power transformer connections and describe their applications
		explain power transformer operating principles and their applications
		describe power transformer wiring configurations
		explain transformer protection principles and their applications relating to power transformers

D-12.01.10L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install and parallel power transformers	describe procedures used to install power transformers
		describe procedures used for paralleling power transformers
D-12.01.11L	demonstrate knowledge of power transformer components , their applications and operation	identify power transformer components and describe their functions

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, FRP tools (hot sticks), multi-meter, phase rotation meter, transformer tester

types of distribution transformers include: pole-mounted, pad-mounted, submersible, platform, self-contained three-phase

transformer components include: core, windings, oil, bushings, gaskets, tank, cover, taps and tap changer, mounting brackets, switches, fault indicators

tests include: phase rotation, voltages, amperages

transformer connections include: parallel, delta-delta, wye-wye, delta-wye, wye-delta, open wye-open delta, open delta-open delta

power transformers include: stationary, mobile

power transformer connections include: two-winding, autotransformer, tertiary

power transformer components include: core, windings, oil, bushings, gaskets, tank, cover, taps and tap changer, mounting brackets, switches, cooling systems, protection alarms

D-12.02 Installs capacitors

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
D-12.02.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to install capacitors are selected and used according to job requirements
D-12.02.02P	verify selection of capacitors	selection of capacitors is verified according to company and engineering standards
D-12.02.03P	control capacitive charge	capacitive charge is controlled when installing and removing capacitors according to work procedures
D-12.02.04P	mount and connect capacitors	capacitors are mounted and connected on structure according to company standards

D-12.02.05P	perform tests	tests are performed according to company standards
D-12.02.06P	energize and de-energize capacitors	capacitors are energized and de-energized

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, FRP tools (hot sticks), multi-meters

capacitors include: shunt connection, series connection, series-parallel

tests include: visual, electrical

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-12.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of capacitors , their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with capacitors
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to capacitors
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to capacitors
		interpret information pertaining to capacitors found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to capacitors and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of capacitors and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify capacitor components and accessories and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify considerations and requirements for selecting capacitors and accessories
D-12.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of operating principles of capacitors	describe operating principles of capacitors
D-12.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install, operate, protect, inspect and test capacitors	describe procedures used to install and operate capacitors , and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to protect capacitors , their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to inspect capacitors , their components and accessories

describe procedures used to test **capacitors**, their **components and accessories**

describe commissioning requirements for **capacitor** controls

RANGE OF VARIABLES

capacitors include: shunt connection, series connection, series-parallel

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, FRP tools (hot sticks), multi-meters

capacitor components and accessories include: di-electric insulation, plates, case, bushings

D-12.03 Installs voltage regulators

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
D-12.03.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to install voltage regulation and control devices are selected and used according to job requirements
D-12.03.02P	verify selection of voltage regulation and control devices	selection of voltage regulation and control devices is verified according to engineering standards
D-12.03.03P	place and secure voltage regulation and control devices	voltage regulation and control devices are placed and secured according to company standards
D-12.03.04P	connect voltage regulation and control devices	voltage regulation and control devices are connected according to company standards
D-12.03.05P	switch voltage regulation and control devices in and out of service	voltage regulation and control devices are switched in and out of service according to company policies
D-12.03.06P	operate voltage regulation and control devices	voltage regulation and control devices are operated to test functionality

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: AWP, drills, compression tools, FRP tools (hot sticks), multi-meter, neutral detector

voltage regulation and control devices include: bridging reactor, tap changers (on-load, off-load), voltage regulators, auto boosters

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives	
D-12.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of voltage regulation and control devices , their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with voltage regulation and control devices
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to voltage regulation and control devices
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to voltage regulation and control devices
		interpret information pertaining to voltage regulation and control devices found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to voltage regulation and control devices and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify voltage regulation and control devices and accessories and describe their characteristics and applications
D-12.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install and operate voltage regulation and control devices	identify considerations and requirements for selecting voltage regulation and control devices and accessories
		describe procedures used to install and operate voltage regulation and control devices , their components and accessories
		describe procedure for switching voltage regulation and control devices in and out of service
	describe commissioning and decommissioning requirements for voltage regulation and control devices	

RANGE OF VARIABLES

voltage regulation and control devices include: bridging reactor, tap changers (on-load, off-load), voltage regulators, auto boosters

tools and equipment include: AWP, drills, compression tools, FRP tools (hot sticks), multi-meter, neutral detector

D-12.04 Installs switches

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
D-12.04.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to install switches are selected and used according to job requirements
D-12.04.02P	place and secure switch	switch is placed and secured in specified location according to company standards and type of switch
D-12.04.03P	make switch operational	switch is made operational by making connections according to company standards
D-12.04.04P	adjust switch	switch is adjusted according to manufacturers' specifications
D-12.04.05P	verify that switches are operational	switches operate in conjunction with each other where required according to manufacturers' specifications

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, compression tools, FRP tools (hot sticks), powder-actuated tools

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-12.04.01L demonstrate knowledge of switches, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with switches
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to switches
	interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to switches
	interpret information pertaining to switches found on drawings and specifications
	identify <i>tools and equipment</i> pertaining to switches and describe their applications and procedures for use
	identify <i>types of switches</i> and describe their characteristics and applications
	identify switch components and describe their characteristics and applications

		identify considerations and requirements for selecting switches
D-12.04.02L	demonstrate knowledge of operating principles of switches	explain operating principles of switches
		explain switches and their applications relating to line protection
		explain principles relating to switching and protection coordination
D-12.04.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install, operate, troubleshoot and inspect switches	describe procedures used to install and operate switches and their components
		describe procedures used to troubleshoot switches and their components
		describe procedures used to inspect switches and their components

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, compression tools, FRP tools (hot sticks), powder-actuated tools

types of switches include: load break or non-load break, single-phase, three-phase (gang operated), sequenced, non-sequenced

D-12.05 Installs reactors (Not Common Core)

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
no	yes	no	no	NV	no	NV	yes	no	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
D-12.05.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to install reactors are selected and used according to job requirements
D-12.05.02P	verify selection of reactor	selection of reactor is verified according to company and engineering standards
D-12.05.03P	place and secure reactor	reactor is placed and secured in specified location according to company standards and manufacturers' specifications
D-12.05.04P	make reactor operational	reactor is made operational by making connections and energizing
D-12.05.05P	perform tests	tests are performed according to company standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, compression tools, FRP tools (hot sticks)

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-12.05.01L demonstrate knowledge of reactors, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with reactors
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to reactors
	interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to reactors
	interpret information pertaining to reactors found on drawings and specifications
	identify tools and equipment relating to reactors and describe their applications and procedures for use
	identify types of reactors and describe their characteristics and applications
	identify reactor components and describe their characteristics and applications
	identify considerations and requirements for selecting reactors
D-12.05.02L demonstrate knowledge of operating principles of reactors	explain operating principles of reactors
	explain reactors and their applications relating to line protection
	explain principles relating to reactor coordination
D-12.05.03L demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install, operate, troubleshoot and inspect reactors	describe procedures used to install and operate reactors and their components
	describe procedures used to troubleshoot reactors and their components
	describe procedures used to inspect reactors and their components

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, compression tools, FRP tools (hot sticks)

TASK D-13 Installs protection equipment

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians install reclosers, sectionalizers and fuses to protect line-equipment. Lightning arrestors are used to dissipate over-voltage.

D-13.01 Installs reclosers

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
D-13.01.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to install reclosers are selected and used according to job requirements
D-13.01.02P	select recloser	recloser is selected according to company and engineering standards
D-13.01.03P	place and secure recloser	recloser is placed and secured to structure according to engineering and company standards
D-13.01.04P	connect recloser	recloser is connected according to company standards
D-13.01.05P	energize recloser	recloser is energized
D-13.01.06P	perform tests	tests are performed according to company standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, FRP tools (hot sticks), powder-actuated tools

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes		Learning Objectives
D-13.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of reclosers, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with reclosers
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to reclosers
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to reclosers
		interpret information pertaining to reclosers found on drawings and specifications

		identify tools and equipment relating to reclosers and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of reclosers and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify recloser components and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify considerations and requirements for selecting reclosers
D-13.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of operating principles of reclosers	explain operating principles of reclosers
		explain recloser applications relating to line protection coordination
D-13.01.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install reclosers	describe procedures used to install reclosers

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, FRP tools (hot sticks), powder-actuated tools

recloser components include: sight glass, tank, reclosing coil, contacts, control panels, switches, bushings, open/close indicators

D-13.02 Installs sectionalizers

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	no	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
D-13.02.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to install sectionalizers are selected and used according to job requirements
D-13.02.02P	select sectionalizer	sectionalizer is selected according to engineering and company standards
D-13.02.03P	place and secure sectionalizer	sectionalizer is placed and secured to structure according to company standards
D-13.02.04P	connect sectionalizer	sectionalizer is connected according to company standards
D-13.02.05P	energize sectionalizer	sectionalizer is energized

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, FRP tools (hot sticks), powder-actuated tools

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-13.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of sectionalizers, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with sectionalizers
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to sectionalizers
		interpret standards and regulations pertaining to sectionalizers
		interpret information pertaining to sectionalizers found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to sectionalizers and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of sectionalizers and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify considerations and requirements for selecting sectionalizers
D-13.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of operating principles of sectionalizers	explain operating principles of sectionalizers
		explain sectionalizer applications relating to line protection coordination
D-13.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install sectionalizers	describe procedures used to install sectionalizers

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, FRP tools (hot sticks), powder-actuated tools

D-13.03

Installs fuses

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
D-13.03.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to install fuses are selected and used according to job requirements
D-13.03.02P	identify and select fuse	fuse is determined and selected according to company and engineering standards
D-13.03.03P	check switch	switch is visually checked for defects

D-13.03.04P	place fuse into holder	fuse is placed into holder according to manufacturers' specifications
D-13.03.05P	place fuse holder into switch and energize	fuse holder is placed into switch and energized according to manufacturers' specifications
D-13.03.06P	identify defective fuse	defective fuse is identified through visual inspection or use of multi-meter continuity test

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: wrenches, pliers, multi-meters, FRP tools (hot sticks)

defects include: cracks, component misalignment, chips, broken

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-13.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of fuses, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with fuses
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to fuses
		interpret standards and regulations pertaining to fuses
		interpret information pertaining to fuses found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to fuses and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of fuses and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify fuse components and describe their characteristics and applications
D-13.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of operating principles of fuses	explain operating principles of fuses
		explain fuse applications relating to line protection coordination
		identify considerations and requirements for selecting fuses
D-13.03.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install fuses	describe procedures used to install fuses

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: wrenches, pliers, multi-meters, FRP tools (hot sticks)

types of fuses include: expulsion, bayonet, current limiting

D-13.04 Installs lightning arrestors

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
D-13.04.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to install lightning arrestors are selected and used according to job requirements
D-13.04.02P	select lightning arrestor	lightning arrestor is selected according to engineering standards
D-13.04.03P	inspect lightning arrestor	lightning arrestor is visually inspected for <i>defects</i>
D-13.04.04P	mount and connect lightning arrestor	lightning arrestor is mounted and connected according to company standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: wrenches, pliers, FRP tools (hot sticks)

defects include: damaged components, cracks, broken, torn

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes		Learning Objectives
D-13.04.01L	demonstrate knowledge of lightning arrestors, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with lightning arrestors
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to lightning arrestors
		interpret standards and regulations pertaining to lightning arrestors
		interpret information pertaining to lightning arrestors found on drawings and specifications
		identify <i>tools and equipment</i> pertaining to lightning arrestors and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of lightning arrestors and describe their characteristics and applications
D-13.04.02L	demonstrate knowledge of operating principles of lightning arrestors	explain operating principles of lightning arrestors

		identify considerations and requirements for selecting lightning arrestors
D-13.04.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install lightning arrestors	describe procedures used to install lightning arrestors

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: wrenches, pliers, FRP tools (hot sticks)

TASK D-14 Installs metering equipment

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Metering equipment is used to measure electrical consumption at all levels of voltages. Metering equipment could include primary and secondary metering.

D-14.01 Installs primary metering equipment

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
D-14.01.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to install primary metering equipment are selected and used according to job requirements
D-14.01.02P	select <i>primary metering equipment</i>	<i>primary metering equipment</i> is selected according to company and engineering standards and jurisdictional regulations
D-14.01.03P	mount and connect metering cabinet	metering cabinet is mounted and connected to metering tank on structure according to company standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, FRP tools (hot sticks)

primary metering equipment includes: tank, cabinet, metering unit

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-14.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of primary metering equipment , their components, characteristics and applications
	define terminology associated with primary metering equipment
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to primary metering equipment
	interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to primary metering equipment
	interpret information pertaining to primary metering equipment found on drawings and specifications
	identify tools and equipment relating to primary metering equipment and describe their applications and procedures for use
	identify types of primary metering equipment and describe their characteristics and applications
	identify primary metering equipment components and describe their functions
D-14.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of primary metering equipment operating procedures
	explain primary metering equipment operating procedures
D-14.01.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to remove and install primary metering equipment
	describe procedures used to remove and install primary metering equipment

RANGE OF VARIABLES

primary metering equipment includes: tank, cabinet, metering unit

tools and equipment include: drills, AWP, FRP tools (hot sticks)

primary metering equipment components include: current transformers (CT) and potential transformers (PT), test blocks, meter base

D-14.02 Installs secondary metering equipment

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
D-14.02.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to install secondary metering equipment are selected and used according to job requirements
D-14.02.02P	select <i>secondary metering equipment</i>	<i>secondary metering equipment</i> is selected according to company and engineering standards
D-14.02.03P	perform meter box safety checks	meter box safety checks are performed to identify <i>problems</i>
D-14.02.04P	perform <i>meter base test</i>	<i>meter base test</i> is performed according to work procedures
D-14.02.05P	place and secure meter into base	meter is placed and secured to base and seal is installed
D-14.02.06P	record meter reading	meter reading is recorded

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: pliers, screw drivers, multi-meters, hex keys, meter pullers

secondary metering equipment includes: self-contained, transformer-rated, bases

problems include: damaged panel, broken porcelain, improper connection

meter base tests include: voltage check, load check, continuity check

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-14.02.01L demonstrate knowledge of <i>secondary metering equipment</i> , their components and applications	define terminology associated with <i>secondary metering equipment</i>
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to <i>secondary metering equipment</i>
	interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to <i>secondary metering equipment</i>
	interpret information pertaining to <i>secondary metering equipment</i> found on drawings and specifications
	identify <i>tools and equipment</i> relating to <i>secondary metering equipment</i> and describe their applications and procedures for use

		identify types of secondary metering equipment and describe their applications
		identify secondary metering equipment components and describe their functions
		identify smart metering equipment and describe their functions
D-14.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of secondary metering equipment operating procedures	explain secondary metering equipment operating procedures
D-14.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to remove and install secondary metering equipment	describe procedures used to remove and install secondary metering equipment

RANGE OF VARIABLES

secondary metering equipment includes: self-contained, transformer-rated, bases

tools and equipment include: pliers, screw drivers, multi-meters, hex keys, meter pullers

secondary metering equipment components include: CTs, PTs, test blocks

smart metering equipment includes: collectors, repeaters

TASK D-15 Installs communication devices

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians install cellular antennas and transfer communication lines between structures. This work is being done by powerline technicians due to its proximity to high voltage distribution and transmission lines.

D-15.01 Installs cellular antennas

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
no	yes	no	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
D-15.01.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to install cellular antennas are selected and used according to job requirements
D-15.01.02P	mount and secure cellular antennas	cellular antennas are mounted and secured according to company standards and manufacturers' specifications
D-15.01.03P	run fibre and power cable	fibre and power cable are run from the antenna to the ground and attached to the structure according to company standards and manufacturers' specifications

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, wrenches, rigging equipment

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-15.01.01L demonstrate knowledge of cellular antenna operating principles	define terminology associated with cellular antennas
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to cellular antennas
	interpret standards and regulations pertaining to cellular antennas
	identify <i>tools and equipment</i> pertaining to cellular antennas and describe their applications and procedures for use

		identify types of cellular antennas and describe their applications
D-15.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to install cellular antennas	describe procedures used to install cellular antennas

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, wrenches, rigging equipment

D-15.02 Transfers communication lines

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
D-15.02.01P	select and use <i>tools and equipment</i>	<i>tools and equipment</i> to transfer <i>communication lines</i> are selected and used according to job requirements
D-15.02.02P	unbolt clamps	clamps are unbolted from structure
D-15.02.03P	transfer <i>communication lines</i>	<i>communication lines</i> are transferred to the new structure according to company and customer standards
D-15.02.04P	re-attach clamps	clamps are re-attached to secure <i>communication lines</i> according to company standards
D-15.02.05P	identify and manage hazards	hazards associated with <i>communication lines</i> are identified and managed

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: drills, wrenches, rigging equipment

communication lines include: fibre, coaxial, telephone

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
D-15.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of <i>communication lines</i> and their operating principles	define terminology associated with <i>communication lines</i>
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to transferring <i>communication lines</i>
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to <i>communication lines</i>

		identify tools and equipment pertaining to transferring communication lines and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of communication lines and describe their applications
D-15.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to transfer communication lines	describe procedures used to transfer communication lines

RANGE OF VARIABLES

communication lines include: fibre, coaxial, telephone

tools and equipment include: drills, wrenches, rigging equipment

MAJOR WORK ACTIVITY E

Performs operation, maintenance and repair

TASK E-16 Operates distribution and transmission systems

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians operate a system by changing its configuration to isolate sections, transfer loads and to allow for repairs, installation or upgrades. This ensures system reliability and reduces customer outage time.

E-16.01 Operates transmission systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
E-16.01.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to operate overhead, underground and underwater transmission systems are selected and used according to job requirements
E-16.01.02P	identify circuits and equipment	circuits and equipment are identified to prevent switching errors and to ensure that work is being performed at correct location
E-16.01.03P	operate system equipment	system equipment is operated according to work procedures
E-16.01.04P	change circuit status	circuit status is changed according to order from system authority
E-16.01.05P	test, commission and energize new transmission systems	new transmission systems are tested, commissioned and energized according to engineering standards and work procedures

E-16.01.06P	confirm completion of operation	completion of operation is confirmed according to order from system authority
E-16.01.07P	verify and test completion of operation steps	completion of operation steps are visually verified and tested according to jurisdictional regulations and work procedures

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: load break tools, FRP tools (hot sticks), temporary grounding system, voltage indicators

system equipment includes: switches, breakers, insulators

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-16.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead, underground and underwater transmission systems, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with overhead, underground and underwater transmission systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to overhead, underground and underwater transmission systems
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to overhead, underground and underwater transmission systems
		interpret information pertaining to overhead, underground and underwater transmission systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to overhead, underground and underwater transmission systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of overhead, underground and underwater transmission systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify overhead, underground and underwater transmission system components and accessories, and describe their applications and operation
E-16.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity

E-16.01.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to operate overhead, underground and underwater transmission systems	describe procedures used to operate overhead transmission systems
		describe procedures used to operate underground and underwater transmission systems

RANGE OF VARIABLES

specifications include: manufacturers', engineering, testing

tools and equipment include: load break tools, FRP tools (hot sticks), temporary grounding system, voltage indicators

E-16.02 Operates distribution systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
E-16.02.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to operate overhead, underground and underwater distribution systems are selected and used according to job requirements
E-16.02.02P	identify circuits and equipment	circuits and equipment are identified to prevent switching errors and to ensure that work is being performed at correct location
E-16.02.03P	operate system equipment	system equipment is operated according to work procedures
E-16.02.04P	change circuit status	circuit status is changed according to order from system authority
E-16.02.05P	test, commission and energize new distribution systems	new distribution systems are tested, commissioned and energized according to engineering standards and work procedures
E-16.02.06P	confirm completion of operation	completion of operation is confirmed according to order from system authority
E-16.02.07P	verify and test completion of operation steps	completion of operation steps are visually verified and tested according to jurisdictional regulations and work procedures

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: rubber gloves, load break tools, FRP tools (hot sticks), temporary grounding system, voltage indicators

system equipment includes: switches (tie-points), risers, reclosers, elbows, capacitors, regulators, sectionalizers

KNOWLEDGE		
Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives	
E-16.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead, underground and underwater distribution systems, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with overhead, underground and underwater distribution systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to overhead, underground and underwater distribution systems
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to overhead, underground and underwater distribution systems
		interpret information pertaining to overhead, underground and underwater distribution systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to overhead, underground and underwater distribution systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify overhead components and accessories used in distribution systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify underground and underwater components and accessories used in distribution systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify types of distribution systems and describe their applications
E-16.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-16.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of operating procedures for overhead, underground and underwater distribution systems, and their components and accessories	describe procedures used to operate overhead, underground and underwater distribution systems, and their components and accessories

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: rubber gloves, load break tools, FRP tools (hot sticks), temporary grounding system, voltage indicators

overhead components and accessories include: transformers, disconnects, conductors, poles, insulators, reclosers

underground and underwater components and accessories include: cables (concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems, pad-mounted transformers, disconnects

types of distribution systems include: underground (radial, loop, network), overhead and underwater (radial, loop)

E-16.03 Performs station switching

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
E-16.03.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to perform station switching are selected and used according to job requirements
E-16.03.02P	identify circuits	circuits are identified to prevent switching errors and to ensure that work is being performed on correct switching apparatus
E-16.03.03P	change circuit status	circuit status is changed by switching according to order from system authority
E-16.03.04P	perform switch, lock-out and tag-out procedures	switch, lock-out and tag-out procedures are performed according to order from system authority, work procedures and jurisdictional regulations
E-16.03.05P	visually verify, test and confirm completion of operation steps	completion of operation steps are visually verified and tested according to work procedures and completion of operation is confirmed to system authority

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: rubber gloves, load break tools, FRP tools (hot sticks), temporary grounding system, voltage indicators

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives	
E-16.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of substations, switching stations and terminals, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with substations, switching stations and terminals
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to substations, switching stations and terminals
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to substations, switching stations and terminals
		interpret information pertaining to substations, switching stations and terminals found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to substations, switching stations and terminals and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of substations, switching stations and terminals and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify substation, switching station and terminal components and accessories and describe their operation
E-16.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-16.03.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to inspect and maintain substations, switching stations and terminals	describe procedures used to inspect and maintain substations, and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain switching stations, and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain terminals, and their components and accessories

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: rubber gloves, load break tools, FRP tools (hot sticks), temporary grounding system, voltage indicators

TASK E -17 Maintains distribution and transmission systems

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Routine inspection and maintenance are done on these systems to detect and prevent deficiencies before they affect system reliability.

E-17.01 Inspects distribution and transmission systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
E-17.01.01P	visually inspect <i>distribution and transmission system components</i>	<i>distribution and transmission system components</i> are visually inspected to verify systems' integrity
E-17.01.02P	select and use <i>test equipment</i>	<i>test equipment</i> is selected and used according to work procedures
E-17.01.03P	identify deficiencies	deficiencies are identified, documented and reported according to company policies and standards
E-17.01.04P	perform load checks	load checks are performed to identify imbalanced and overloaded circuits
E-17.01.05P	report findings of inspection	findings of inspection are reported to prioritize repair according to company policies and standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

distribution and transmission systems components include: poles, structures, footings, apparatus, transformers, disconnects, capacitors

test equipment includes: infrared equipment, thermal equipment, core samplers

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes		Learning Objectives
E-17.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of distribution and transmission systems, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with distribution and transmission systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to distribution and transmission systems
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to distribution and transmission systems

		interpret information pertaining to distribution and transmission systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to distribution and transmission systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of distribution and transmission systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify distribution and transmission system components and describe their applications and operation
E-17.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-17.01.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to inspect, maintain and operate overhead, underground and underwater distribution and transmission systems	describe procedures used to inspect and maintain overhead, underground and underwater distribution systems, their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain overhead, underground and underwater transmission systems, their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to operate distribution and transmission systems

RANGE OF VARIABLES

types of distribution systems include: underground (radial, loop, network), overhead and underwater (radial, loop)

distribution and transmission systems components include: poles, structures, footings, apparatus, transformers, disconnects, capacitors

E-17.02 Maintains pole structures

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
E-17.02.01P	stub pole structures	pole structures are stubbed to stabilize and extend life
E-17.02.02P	top, cap and treat pole structures	pole structures are topped, capped and treated to extend life
E-17.02.03P	straighten pole structures	pole structures are straightened by using tools and equipment

E-17.02.04P	remove and replace <i>pole structures</i>	<i>pole structures</i> are removed and replaced depending on <i>conditions</i> identified in inspection documentation
E-17.02.05P	insert or replace <i>pole structures'</i> top extensions	<i>pole structures'</i> top extensions are inserted or replaced for clearance or repair purposes
E-17.02.06P	document completed maintenance work	completed maintenance work is documented according to company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

pole structures include: single-pole, multi-pole, tangent, angle, dead-end, take-off (or tap), joint use construction, self-supporting poles (wood, steel, fibreglass, concrete, laminate)

conditions include: rotten, infested, fallen, damaged

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-17.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of <i>pole structures</i> , their characteristics and applications, and maintenance	define terminology associated with <i>pole structures</i> and their maintenance
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to <i>pole structures</i>
		interpret information pertaining to <i>pole structures</i> on drawings and specifications
		identify types of <i>pole structures</i> and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to the maintenance of <i>pole structures</i>
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to the maintenance of <i>pole structures</i> and describe their applications and procedures for use
E-17.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of pole structure components and accessories, their characteristics, applications and operation	identify pole structure components and accessories and describe their operation
E-17.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to inspect and maintain <i>pole structures</i> , their components and accessories	describe procedures used to inspect and maintain <i>pole structures</i>
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain pole structure components and accessories

E-17.02.04L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead distribution system construction principles	explain principles of overhead distribution system construction
E-17.02.05L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity

RANGE OF VARIABLES

pole structures include: single-pole, multi-pole, tangent, angle, dead-end, take-off (or tap), joint use construction, self-supporting poles (wood, steel, fibreglass, concrete, laminate)

E-17.03 Maintains steel lattice structures

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
E-17.03.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to maintain steel lattice structures are selected and used according to job requirements
E-17.03.02P	paint steel lattice structures	steel lattice structures are painted to prevent corrosion and for aerial visibility
E-17.03.03P	tighten hardware and change steel lattice bracing	hardware is tightened and steel lattice bracing changed to ensure structural integrity
E-17.03.04P	repair concrete and wrap footings	concrete is repaired and footings wrapped to ensure structural integrity
E-17.03.05P	document completed maintenance work	completed maintenance work is documented according to company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: torque, spud wrenches, drift pins, AWP

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-17.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of steel lattice structures, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with maintenance of steel lattice structures
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to the maintenance of steel lattice structures

		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to the maintenance of steel lattice structures
		interpret information pertaining to steel lattice structures on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment relating to maintenance of steel lattice structures and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of steel lattice structures and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify steel lattice structure components and accessories
E-17.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-17.03.03L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to inspect and maintain steel lattice structures, their components and accessories	describe procedures used to inspect and maintain steel lattice structures
		describe procedures used to inspect and maintain steel lattice structure components and accessories

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: torque, spud wrenches, drift pins, AWP

E-17.04 Maintains system components

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
E-17.04.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to maintain system components are selected and used according to job requirements
E-17.04.02P	replace system components	system components are replaced according to company standards and inspection reports
E-17.04.03P	replace pole structure grounds and mouldings	pole structure grounds and mouldings are replaced according to company standards and inspection reports

E-17.04.04P	remove contaminants	contaminants are removed from contacts of disconnect switches and insulators to comply with design specifications
E-17.04.05P	manually operate equipment and apparatus	equipment and apparatus is manually operated periodically to comply with design specifications according to company standards and jurisdictional regulations
E-17.04.06P	document completed maintenance work	completed maintenance work is documented according to company policies and standards

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: rubber gloves, test equipment, live-line tools, hand tools, rigging tools and equipment

system components include: insulators, transformers, guy wires, conductors and cables, single-phase metering, three-phase metering, voltage regulation and control devices, line protective devices, line capacitors, switching stations and terminals

pole structure includes: single pole, multi-pole, tangent, angle, dead-end, take-off (or tap), joint use construction, self-supporting poles (wood, steel, fibreglass, concrete, laminate)

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-17.04.01L	demonstrate knowledge of system components , their operation, characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with maintenance of system components
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to maintenance of system components
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to maintenance of system components
		interpret information pertaining to system components on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to maintenance of system components and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of system components and describe their characteristics, applications and accessories
		explain system component operating principles and their applications
E-17.04.02L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to inspect and maintain system components	describe procedures used to inspect and maintain system components

E-17.04.03L	demonstrate knowledge of transformers and power transformers, their components , applications and operation	interpret information pertaining to transformers and power transformers found on nameplates, drawings and specifications
		identify power transformer and transformer components and describe their purpose and operation
		perform transformer and power transformer load calculations
		explain transformer fusing principles and their applications
		identify types of power transformer connections and describe their applications
E-17.04.04L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-17.04.05L	demonstrate knowledge of managing hazardous materials associated with transformers	describe procedures used to manage oils and other petroleum products pertaining to transformers
E-17.04.06L	demonstrate knowledge of methods of cable protection and their applications	identify methods of cable protection and describe their characteristics and applications
E-17.04.07L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to mechanically protect and support cables	describe procedures used to provide mechanical protection and support for cables
E-17.04.08L	demonstrate knowledge of single-phase and three-phase metering procedures	explain single-phase and three-phase metering procedures
E-17.04.09L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to inspect and maintain protective devices	describe procedures used to inspect and maintain protective devices , their components and accessories
		explain protective principles and their applications relating to line protection
		explain principles relating to protective device coordination
E-17.04.10L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to inspect, maintain and test line capacitors , their components and accessories	describe procedures used to inspect, maintain and test line capacitors , their components and accessories

RANGE OF VARIABLES

system components include: insulators, transformers, guy wires, conductors and cables, single-phase metering, three-phase metering, voltage regulation and control devices, line protective devices, line capacitors, switching stations and terminals

transformer components include: core, windings, oil, bushings, gaskets, tank, cover, taps and tap changer, mounting brackets, switches

power transformer connections include: two-winding, autotransformer, tertiary

methods of cable protection include: mechanical, electrical

single-phase meters include: primary, secondary, self-contained, transformer rated

three-phase meters include: primary, secondary, self-contained, transformer rated (CTs, PTs, test switches)

protective devices include: air break devices (load breaking and non-load breaking), fuses, power fuses, oil devices, vacuum devices, de-ionizing gas devices (sulphur hexafluoride gas [SF₆], circuit breaker), lightning arrestors, current limiting fuses

line capacitors include: shunt connection, series connection, series-parallel connection

E-17.05 Trims trees

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
E-17.05.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to trim trees are selected and used according to job requirements
E-17.05.02P	identify hazards of trimming trees	hazards of trimming trees are identified
E-17.05.03P	follow forestry cutting procedures	forestry cutting procedures are followed to ensure safe felling
E-17.05.04P	avoid cross-contamination	cross-contamination is avoided by cleaning equipment and disposing of trimmings
E-17.05.05P	remove debris	debris is removed according to jurisdictional and environmental regulations
E-17.05.06P	document completed maintenance work	completed maintenance work is documented according to company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: chain saws, hand saws, hydraulic saws, mechanical pruning equipment, rigging, pruning saws, AWP, chippers

hazards include: electrical, public, gravity, wood debris

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-17.05.01L	demonstrate knowledge of tree trimming, equipment, their applications, maintenance and procedures for use	define terminology associated with tree trimming
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to tree trimming
		interpret guidelines, codes and regulations pertaining to tree trimming
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to tree trimming and describe their applications and procedures for use
E-17.05.02L	demonstrate knowledge of techniques and procedures used to trim trees	identify techniques used to trim trees
		describe procedures used to trim trees

RANGE OF VARIABLES

hazards include: electrical, public, gravity, wood debris

tools and equipment include: chain saws, hand saws, hydraulic saws, mechanical pruning equipment, rigging, pruning saws, AWP, chippers

TASK E -18 Repairs distribution systems

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians troubleshoot and repair distribution systems to restore power and maintain system reliability. Repairs on distribution systems can be performed on either energized or de-energized lines. Depending on the status, the repair procedures and accompanying considerations will vary.

E-18.01 Troubleshoots overhead distribution systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
E-18.01.01P	patrol circuit	circuit is patrolled to identify obvious damage
E-18.01.02P	select and use test equipment	test equipment to troubleshoot overhead distribution systems is selected and used according to work procedures and job requirements

E-18.01.03P	sectionalize circuit	circuit is sectionalized to determine location of fault
E-18.01.04P	isolate fault, damage or hazard and restore power	fault, damage or hazard is isolated and power restored
E-18.01.05P	document switching procedures	switching procedures are documented according to company policies
E-18.01.06P	report trouble, required actions and estimated repair time	trouble, required actions and estimated repair time are reported to system authority according to company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

damage includes: fallen trees, damaged poles, downed lines, defective equipment and components

test equipment includes: potential indicators, fault indicators, voltmeters, service conductor tester

required actions include: repairs, replacements

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-18.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead distribution systems, their applications and operation	define terminology associated with troubleshooting overhead distribution systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to troubleshooting overhead distribution systems
		interpret standards and regulations pertaining to overhead distribution systems
		interpret information pertaining to overhead distribution systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to troubleshooting overhead distribution systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of overhead distribution systems and describe their applications
		identify components and accessories used in overhead distribution systems and describe their characteristics and applications
E-18.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead distribution system construction principles	explain principles of overhead distribution system construction
E-18.01.03L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-18.01.04L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures to troubleshoot and test overhead distribution systems, and their components and accessories	describe procedures used to troubleshoot overhead distribution systems, and their components and accessories

		describe procedures used to test overhead distribution systems, their components and accessories
E-18.01.05L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used in temporary grounding and bonding of overhead distribution systems	identify temporary grounding and bonding requirements pertaining to overhead distribution systems
		describe procedures used for temporary grounding and bonding of overhead distribution systems

RANGE OF VARIABLES

components and accessories include: transformers, reclosers, capacitors, conductors, system grounds, voltage regulators, disconnects, pole structures, insulators

E-18.02 Troubleshoots underground and underwater distribution systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
E-18.02.01P	patrol circuit	circuit is patrolled to identify obvious damage
E-18.02.02P	select and use test equipment	test equipment to troubleshoot underground and underwater distribution systems is selected and used according to work procedures, job requirements and company policies
E-18.02.03P	sectionalize circuit	circuit is sectionalized to determine location of fault
E-18.02.04P	identify defective components and accessories	defective components and accessories are identified
E-18.02.05P	isolate fault, damage or hazard and restore distribution system to service	fault, damage or hazard is isolated and power restored according to system authority and work procedures
E-18.02.06P	document switching	switching is documented according to company policies
E-18.02.07P	report trouble, required actions and estimated repair time	trouble, required actions and estimated repair time are reported to system authority according to company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

damage includes: damaged poles, transformers, switching kiosks, cables

test equipment includes: potential indicators, fault indicators, voltmeters, VLF tester, meggers, hi-pot testers, service conductor tester

components and accessories include: cables (concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems, pad-mounted transformers, terminations, splices

required actions include: repair, replace, troubleshoot

KNOWLEDGE		
	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-18.02.01L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater distribution systems, their characteristics, applications and operating procedures	define terminology associated with troubleshooting underground and underwater distribution systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to troubleshooting underground and underwater distribution systems
		interpret standards and regulations pertaining to underground and underwater distribution systems
		interpret information pertaining to underground and underwater distribution systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment to troubleshoot underground and underwater distribution systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify components and accessories used in underground and underwater distribution systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		describe operating procedures for underground and underwater distribution systems
		identify types of distribution systems and describe their applications
E-18.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater distribution system construction principles	explain principles of underground and underwater distribution system construction
E-18.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-18.02.04L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to troubleshoot and test underground and underwater distribution systems, and their components and accessories	describe procedures used to troubleshoot underground and underwater distribution systems, and their components and accessories

		describe procedures used to test underground and underwater distribution systems, and their components and accessories
E-18.02.05L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to fish, install, splice, cut, strip and terminate cables	describe procedures used to fish and install cables and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to splice cables
		describe procedures used to cut, strip and terminate cables
E-18.02.06L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used in temporary grounding and bonding of underground and underwater distribution systems	identify temporary grounding and bonding requirements relating to underground and underwater distribution systems
		describe procedures used for temporary grounding and bonding of underground and underwater distribution systems

RANGE OF VARIABLES

components and accessories include: cables (concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems, pad-mounted transformers, terminations, splices

types of distribution systems include: underground (radial, loop, network), underwater (radial, loop)

E-18.03 Repairs overhead distribution systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
E-18.03.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to repair overhead distribution systems are selected and used according to job requirements
E-18.03.02P	follow work procedures	work procedures are followed according to company standards and policies
E-18.03.03P	remove objects	objects are removed in order to access lines
E-18.03.04P	replace components and accessories	components and accessories are replaced according to job requirements and company standards
E-18.03.05P	repair conductor	conductor is repaired by splicing

E-18.03.06P	restore system	system is restored to normal operating status
E-18.03.07P	report completed repairs or replacement of components and restoration of system	completed repairs or replacement of components and restoration of system are reported according to company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: live-line tools, temporary grounding system, potential indicators, rigging tools and equipment, rubber gloves

work procedures include: grounding, bonding, lock-out, tag-out

objects include: trees, obstructions, running shoes, back packs, wildlife

components and accessories include: transformers, reclosers, capacitors, conductors, system grounds, voltage regulators, disconnects, poles, insulators

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-18.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead distribution systems, their applications and operation	define terminology associated with repairing overhead distribution systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to repairing overhead distribution systems
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to overhead distribution systems
		interpret information pertaining to overhead distribution systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to repairing overhead distribution systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of overhead distribution systems and describe their applications
		identify overhead distribution systems components and accessories and describe their characteristics and applications
E-18.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead distribution system construction principles	explain principles of overhead distribution system construction
E-18.03.03L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-18.03.04L	demonstrate knowledge of requirements and procedures used in temporary grounding and bonding of overhead distribution systems	identify temporary grounding and bonding requirements relating to overhead distribution systems

		describe procedures used for temporary grounding and bonding of overhead distribution systems
E-18.03.05L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to repair, test and operate overhead distribution system components and accessories	describe procedures used to repair overhead distribution systems, and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to test overhead distribution systems, their components and accessories
		describe operating procedures for overhead distribution systems

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: live-line tools, temporary grounding system, potential indicators, rigging tools and equipment, rubber gloves

components and accessories include: transformers, reclosers, capacitors, conductors, system grounds, voltage regulators, disconnects, poles, insulators

E-18.04 Repairs underground and underwater distribution systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
E-18.04.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to repair underground and underwater distribution systems are selected and used according to job requirements
E-18.04.02P	follow work procedures	work procedures are followed
E-18.04.03P	expose faulted cables	faulted cables are exposed using methods
E-18.04.04P	repair or replace cable	cable is repaired by splicing or replaced
E-18.04.05P	replace components and accessories	components and accessories are replaced according to job requirements
E-18.04.06P	test equipment and cables	equipment and cables are tested using test equipment to verify integrity of fault repair

E-18.04.07P	restore system	system is restored to normal operating status by using switching procedures
E-18.04.08P	report completed repairs or replacement of components and accessories and restoration of system	completed repairs or replacement of components and accessories and restoration of system are reported according to company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: live-line tools, temporary grounding system, potential indicators, rigging tools and equipment

work procedures include: grounding, bonding, testing cable, switching

methods include: mechanical digging, manual digging, hydro-vacuums

components and accessories include: cables (concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems, pad-mounted transformers

test equipment includes: potential indicators, fault indicators, voltmeters, VLF tester, meggers, hi-pot testers

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-18.04.01L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater systems, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with repairing underground and underwater distribution systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to repairing underground and underwater distribution systems
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to underground and underwater distribution systems
		interpret information pertaining to underground and underwater distribution systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment to repair underground and underwater distribution systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify components and accessories used in underground and underwater distribution systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify types of distribution systems and describe their characteristics and applications
E-18.04.02L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater distribution system construction principles	explain principles of underground and underwater distribution system construction

E-18.04.03L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-18.04.04L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to repair and test underground and underwater systems, and their components and accessories	describe procedures used to repair underground and underwater distribution systems, and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to test underground and underwater distribution systems, and their components and accessories
E-18.04.05L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to fish, install, splice, cut, strip and terminate cables	describe procedures used to fish and install cables and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to splice cables
		describe procedures used to cut, strip and terminate cables
E-18.04.06L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used in temporary grounding and bonding of underground and underwater distribution systems	identify temporary grounding and bonding requirements relating to underground and underwater distribution systems
		describe procedures used for temporary grounding and bonding of underground and underwater distribution systems
		describe operating procedures for underground and underwater distribution systems

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: live-line tools, temporary grounding system, potential indicators, rigging tools and equipment

components and accessories include: cables (concentric neutral, non-shielded, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems, pad-mounted transformers

types of distribution systems include: underground (radial, loop, network), underwater (radial, loop)

TASK E -19 Repairs transmission systems

TASK DESCRIPTOR

Powerline technicians repair transmission systems to restore power and maintain system reliability. Repairs on transmission systems can be performed on either energized or de-energized lines. Depending on the status, the repair procedures and accompanying considerations will vary.

E-19.01 Troubleshoots overhead transmission systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
E-19.01.01P	patrol circuit	circuit is patrolled to identify damage
E-19.01.02P	select and use test equipment	test equipment to troubleshoot overhead transmission systems is selected and used according to work procedures and job requirements
E-19.01.03P	isolate section of transmission lines	section of transmission lines is isolated by operating equipment and devices according to switching orders from system authority
E-19.01.04P	document switching procedures	switching procedures are documented according to company policies
E-19.01.05P	report trouble, required actions and estimated repair time	trouble, required actions and estimated repair time are reported according to company policies and to system authority

RANGE OF VARIABLES

damage includes: fallen trees, damaged poles and steel lattice, downed lines, defective equipment and components, faults

test equipment includes: potential indicators, fault indicators, phasing sticks

devices include: switches, circuit breakers, jumpers

required actions include: repair, replace, troubleshoot, switching

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes		Learning Objectives
E-19.01.01L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead transmission systems, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with repairing overhead transmission systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to repairing overhead transmission systems

		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to overhead transmission systems
		interpret information pertaining to overhead transmission systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment to repair overhead transmission systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of overhead transmission systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify overhead transmission system components and accessories and describe their applications and operation
E-19.01.02L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-19.01.03L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead transmission system construction principles	explain principles of overhead transmission system construction
E-19.01.04L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures to troubleshoot and test overhead transmission systems, and their components and accessories	describe procedures used to troubleshoot overhead transmission systems, and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to test overhead transmission systems, and their components and accessories
E-19.01.05L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used in temporary grounding and bonding of overhead transmission systems	identify temporary grounding and bonding requirements relating to overhead transmission systems
		describe procedures used for temporary grounding and bonding of overhead transmission systems

E-19.02 Troubleshoots underground and underwater transmission systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	no	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

Performance Criteria		Evidence of Attainment
E-19.02.01P	locate faults	faults are located by selecting and using test equipment
E-19.02.02P	isolate fault, damage and hazards	fault, damage and hazards are isolated according to switching order from system authority and work procedures
E-19.02.03P	identify defective components and accessories	defective components and accessories are identified
E-19.02.04P	document switching	switching is documented according to company policies
E-19.02.05P	report trouble, required actions and estimated repair time	trouble, required actions and estimated repair time are reported according to company policies and to system authority

RANGE OF VARIABLES

test equipment includes: potential indicators, hi-pot testers, high voltage test units

components and accessories include: cables (armoured, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems, terminations, splices

required actions include: repair, replace, troubleshoot

KNOWLEDGE

Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-19.02.01L demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater transmission systems, and their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with troubleshooting underground and underwater transmission systems
	identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to troubleshooting underground and underwater transmission systems
	interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to underground and underwater transmission systems
	interpret information pertaining to underground and underwater transmission systems found on drawings and specifications

		identify tools and equipment pertaining to troubleshooting underground and underwater transmission systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of underground and underwater transmission systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify underground and underwater transmission system components and accessories and describe their characteristics, applications and operation
E-19.02.02L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater transmission system construction principles	explain principles of underground and underwater transmission system construction
E-19.02.03L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-19.02.04L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to troubleshoot and test underground and underwater transmission systems, their components and accessories	describe procedures used to troubleshoot underground and underwater transmission systems, their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to test underground and underwater transmission systems, their components and accessories
E-19.02.05L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to fish, install, splice, cut, strip and terminate cables	describe procedures used to fish and install cables and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to splice cables
		describe procedures used to cut, strip and terminate cables
E-19.02.06L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used in temporary grounding and bonding of underground and underwater transmission systems	identify temporary grounding and bonding requirements relating to underground and underwater transmission systems
		describe procedures used for temporary grounding and bonding of underground and underwater transmission systems

RANGE OF VARIABLES

components and accessories include: cables (armoured, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems, terminations, splices

E-19.03 Repairs overhead transmission systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
E-19.03.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to repair overhead transmission systems are selected and used according to job requirements
E-19.03.02P	follow work procedures	work procedures are followed according to company standards
E-19.03.03P	remove objects	objects are removed in order to access lines
E-19.03.04P	replace components and accessories	components and accessories are replaced according to job requirements and company standards
E-19.03.05P	repair conductor and cable	conductor and cable are repaired by splicing
E-19.03.06P	restore system	system is restored to normal operating status
E-19.03.07P	report completed repairs or replacement of components and restoration of system	completed repairs or replacement of components and restoration of system are reported according to company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: ladders, chainsaws, temporary grounding system, gin poles, live-line tools, rigging tools and equipment, platform boards

work procedures include: grounding, bonding, live-line methods

objects include: trees, obstructions, wildlife

components include: crossarms (timbers), conductors, poles, insulators

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-19.03.01L	demonstrate knowledge of repairing overhead transmission systems, their applications and operation	define terminology associated with repairing overhead transmission systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to repairing overhead transmission systems
		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to overhead transmission systems

		interpret information pertaining to overhead transmission systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to repairing overhead transmission systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify types of overhead transmission systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify overhead transmission system components and describe their characteristics, applications and operation
E-19.03.02L	demonstrate knowledge of overhead transmission system construction principles	explain principles of overhead transmission system construction
E-19.03.03L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-19.03.04L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used in temporary grounding and bonding of overhead transmission systems	identify temporary grounding and bonding requirements pertaining to overhead transmission systems
		describe procedures used for temporary grounding and bonding of overhead transmission systems
E-19.03.05L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to repair and test overhead transmission system components and accessories	describe procedures used to repair overhead transmission systems, and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to test overhead transmission systems, and their components and accessories

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: ladders, chainsaws, temporary grounding system, gin poles, live-line tools, rigging tools and equipment, platform boards

components include: crossarms (timbers), conductors, poles, insulators

E-19.04 Repairs underground and underwater transmission systems

NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	YT	NU
yes	no	no	yes	NV	yes	NV	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

SKILLS

	Performance Criteria	Evidence of Attainment
E-19.04.01P	select and use tools and equipment	tools and equipment to repair underground and underwater transmission systems are selected and used according to job requirements
E-19.04.02P	follow work procedures	work procedures are followed
E-19.04.03P	expose faulted cables	faulted cables are exposed using methods
E-19.04.04P	repair or replace cable	cable is repaired or replaced
E-19.04.05P	replace components	components are replaced according to job requirements
E-19.04.06P	test equipment and cables	equipment and cables are tested using test equipment to verify integrity of fault repair
E-19.04.07P	restore system	system is restored to normal operating status by using switching procedures
E-19.04.08P	report completed repairs or replacement of components and restoration of system	completed repairs or replacement of components and restoration of system are reported according to company policies

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: live-line tools, temporary grounding systems, potential indicators, rigging tools and equipment

work procedures include: grounding, bonding, testing cable

methods include: mechanical digging, manual digging, hydro-vacuums

components include: cables (armoured, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems, terminations, splices

test equipment includes: potential indicators, hi-pot testers, high voltage test units

KNOWLEDGE

	Learning Outcomes	Learning Objectives
E-19.04.01L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater transmission systems, their characteristics and applications	define terminology associated with repairing underground and underwater transmission systems
		identify hazards and describe safe work practices pertaining to repairing underground and underwater transmission systems

		interpret codes, standards and regulations pertaining to underground and underwater transmission systems
		interpret information pertaining to underground and underwater transmission systems found on drawings and specifications
		identify tools and equipment pertaining to repairing underground and underwater transmission systems and describe their applications and procedures for use
		identify components used in repairing underground and underwater transmission systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify types of underground and underwater transmission systems and describe their characteristics and applications
		identify underground and underwater transmission system components and describe their applications and operation
E-19.04.02L	demonstrate knowledge of underground and underwater system construction principles	explain principles of underground and underwater transmission system construction
E-19.04.03L	demonstrate knowledge of electrical principles	explain principles of electricity
E-19.04.04L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to repair and test underground and underwater system components	describe procedures used to repair underground and underwater transmission systems, and their components
		describe procedures used to test underground and underwater transmission systems, and their components
E-19.04.05L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used to fish, install, splice, cut, strip and terminate cables	describe procedures used to fish and install cables and their components and accessories
		describe procedures used to splice cables
		describe procedures used to cut, strip and terminate cables
E-19.04.06L	demonstrate knowledge of procedures used in temporary grounding and bonding of underground and underwater transmission systems	identify temporary grounding and bonding requirements relating to underground and underwater transmission systems
		describe procedures used for temporary grounding and bonding of underground and underwater transmission systems

RANGE OF VARIABLES

tools and equipment include: live-line tools, temporary grounding systems, potential indicators, rigging tools and equipment

components include: cables (armoured, shielded), cable protection, system grounds, duct systems, direct-buried systems, terminations, splices

APPENDIX A

ACRONYMS

AED	automated external defibrillator
AWP	aerial work platforms
CPR	cardiopulmonary resuscitation
DC	direct current
FRC	flame retardant clothing
FRP	fibreglass reinforced plastic
GIS	global information system
GPS	global positioning system
HID	high intensity discharge
kVA	kilo-voltage-amperes
LED	light emitting diode
MAD	minimum approach distances
MHAD	material handling aerial device
OH&S	Occupational Health and Safety
PT	potential transformers
PPE	personal protective equipment
RBD	radial boom derricks
SCADA	supervisory control and data acquisition
SF ₆	sulphur hexafluoride gas
SOP	standard operating procedures
SRL	self-retractable line
SWL	safe working loads
TDG	transportation of dangerous goods
TDR	time domain reflectometers
ULF	ultra low frequency
VLF	very low frequency
WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
WLL	working load limit

APPENDIX B

TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT / OUTILS ET ÉQUIPEMENT

Hand Tools / Outils à main

banding tools
bolt cutters
brace and bits
brushing rakes
cable cutters
cant hooks (peavey)
channel lock pliers
chisels
compression tools
crow bars
digging bars
digging spoons
drill bits
files
flashlights
folding tape measures
hammers
hex keys
knives
levels
locking pliers
nut drivers
picks
pliers
plumb bob
pruning equipment
saws (hand, buck, hack)
screwdrivers
shovels
vices
wire cutters
wrenches (adjustable, torque, spud)

outils de cerclage
coupe-boulons
vilebrequin et mèches
râteaux de débroussaillage
coupe-câbles
tourne-billes
pince multiprise
ciseaux
outils de compression
pieds-de-biche
barres de creusement
bêches
forets
limes
lampes de poche
règles pliantes en bois
marteaux
clés hexagonales
couteaux
niveaux
pince-étau
tourne-écrous
pics
pinces
fil à plomb
équipement d'élagage
scies (égoïne, scie à bûches, scie à métaux)
tournevis
pelles
étaux
coupe-fil
clés (ajustables, dynamométriques, à mâchoires)

Climbing Gear / Matériel de grimpage

climbing belts
fall restraint devices
pole climbers
pole strap
tower harness
tower strap

ceintures de monteur de ligne
dispositifs antichute
grimpettes
sangles
harnais
longe de positionnement

Personal Protective Equipment / Équipement de protection individuelle

conductive clothing (bare-hand suits)
face shields
fall restraint devices
flame retardant clothing
flash glasses
goggles
hard hats
harness/lanyard “fall arrest”
hearing protection
helmets
high visibility clothing
insulated gloves
leather gloves
rubber gloves/sleeves
safety footwear
safety glasses
tower harness

vêtements conducteurs
écrans faciaux
dispositifs de retenue
vêtements ignifuges
lunettes antiéblouissement
lunettes étanches
casques de sécurité
harnais antichute
protecteurs d'oreilles
casques
gilet de sécurité
gants isolants
gants en cuir
gants/manchons en caoutchouc
chaussures de sécurité
lunettes de sécurité
harnais d'ascension de tours

Safety Equipment / Équipement de sécurité

anemometer
barricades
breathing protection
burn kits
caution tapes
cones
defibrillators
descent equipment
explosive gas, toxic gas and oxygen detectors

fire blankets
fire extinguishers
first-aid kits
flares
grounding devices
meter pullers
rescue equipment
traffic control signage and equipment
wheel chocks

anémomètre
barricades
appareil de protection respiratoire
trousses pour brûlures
rubans d'avertissement
cônes
défibrillateurs
équipement de descente
détecteurs d'oxygène, de gaz toxiques et de gaz explosifs
couvertures antifeu
extincteur
trousses de premiers soins
fusées éclairantes
dispositifs de mise à la terre
extracteurs de compteur
équipement de sauvetage
Panneaux et équipement de signalisation routière
cales de roue

Live-Line Tools / Outils isolants

auxiliary arm and accessories
bonding wands
bypass jumpers
fibreglass reinforced plastic (FRP) tools (sticks)

fuse pullers
hard covers (plastic line guards, plastic pole guards, insulator guards, cut-out guards)

insulated web hoists
insulator supports

traverse auxiliaires et accessoires
tiges de continuité des masses
bretelles de contournement
outils en plastique renforcé de fibre de verre (PRFV) (perches)
extracteurs de fusible
protecteurs rigides (dispositifs de protection de ligne en plastique, dispositifs de protection de poteau en plastique, dispositifs de protection d'isolateur, dispositifs de protection de coupe-circuit)
palans isolé à courroie
supports d'isolateur

load break tools
load pick-up tools
rubber protective cover-ups (hoses, hoods,
blankets)

outils sectionneur de charge
outils d'interconnexion
protecteurs isolants en caoutchouc (tuyaux,
capuchons, couvertures)

Electrical Measuring Equipment / Équipement électrique de mesure

continuity testers
current leakage meters
digital recording ammeters
digital recording voltmeters
energized insulator testers
fault indicators
hi-pot testers
meggers
multi-meter
ohmmeters
phase rotation meters
phasing sticks
potential indicators
time domain reflectometers (TDR)

vérificateurs de continuité
détecteurs de fuite de courant
ampèremètres enregistreurs numériques
voltmètres enregistreurs numériques
testeurs d'isolant sous tension
indicateurs de défaut
appareil d'essai haute tension
mégohmmètres
multimètre
ohmmètres
indicateurs d'ordre des phases
contrôleurs-repéreurs de phases
indicateurs de tension
réflectomètres temporels

Power Tools / Outils mécaniques

chain saws (gas powered, hydraulic, battery)
cutters (cable, bolt, hydraulic)
drills
impact guns
jack hammers
portable generators
power pruning equipment
presses
saws (circular, reciprocating, chop)
tampers

scies à chaîne (à essence, hydraulique, à batterie)
cisailles (coupe-câbles, boulon, hydraulique)
perceuses
clés à chocs
marteaux perforateurs
génératrices portatives
équipement d'élagage électrique
presses
scies (circulaire, alternative, à sectionner)
compacteurs

Specialty Tools and Equipment / Outils et équipement spécialisés

air compressors
binoculars
cable identification equipment
cable locators / underground fault locators

cable strippers
collapsible reels
core sampling tools
dynamometers
feed-through devices
field lashing tools
gaff gauges
global positioning systems (GPS)
ground rod drivers
hydro vacuum excavators
infrared cameras
infrared heat guns
magnetic drills
oil sample test kits

compresseurs d'air
jumelles
identification du câble téléphonique
détecteurs de câble / localisateurs de défaut
souterrain
dénudeurs de câble
nivelettes
carottiers
dynamomètres
dispositifs de traverse
outils de ligatures
jauges de pointes
systèmes mondiaux de localisation (GPS)
marteaux pour tiges de mise à la terre
excavateurs hydropneumatiques
caméras infrarouge
pistolets à rayons infrarouges
perceuses magnétiques
trousses d'essai d'échantillon d'huile

propane torches
pruning equipment
pulling equipment
range finders
reel jacks
grounding equipment
sag boards
silicon cloths
spot lights
tension stringing equipment
tool buckets/tool boards

chalumeaux au propane
équipement d'élagage
équipement de tirage
télémètres
chevalets de déroulage
dispositif de mise à la terre mobile
nivelettes
chiffons à la silicone
projecteurs
équipement de déroulage sous tension mécanique
sceaux à outils / râteliers d'outillage

Powder-Actuated Tools / Outils à charge explosive

powder-actuated connection tools
powder-actuated nail guns
powder-actuated spiking tools
powder-actuated splicing tools
thermal welding tools

outils de connexion à charge explosive
cloueuses à charge explosive
perforeuses à charge explosive
outils à épisser à charge explosive
outils de soudage thermique

Aerial Work Platforms / Plateformes élévatrices de travail

aerial boom/scissor lift
bucket trucks
crane with work platforms
fibreglass ladders
insulated pole platforms (diving board)
Material Handling Aerial Device (MHAD)
radial boom derricks (RBD) with bucket attachment

flèche élévatrice / plateforme élévatrice à ciseaux
camion-nacelle
grues à nacelle
échelles en fibre de verre
plateformes isolées sur un poteau (tremplin)
appareil de manutention aérienne de matériaux
grues à flèche radiale avec attachement de nacelle

Rigging, Hoisting and Lifting Equipment / Équipement de gréage, de hissage et de levage

block and tackle
cranes
gin poles
grips
hoists (chain, nylon, cable, capstan)
nylon straps
pike poles
pole jacks (pullers)
power reel trailers
rope
shackles
slings
tension machines
travellers
wire mesh grips

palan à moufles
grues
mâts de levage
crochets
palans (chaîne, nylon, câble, cabestan)
courroies de nylon
perches à poteau
vérins pour poteau (treuils de déroulage)
remorques porte-touret
cordes de service
manilles
élingues
tensionneurs
poules de déroulage
chaussettes de tirage

Off-Road Equipment / Équipement tout terrain

all-terrain track machines
all-terrain vehicles
backhoes
boats
bulldozers

véhicules à chenilles
véhicules tout-terrain
rétrocaveuses
bateaux
bulldozers

excavators
helicopters
skidders
skid steers
snowmobiles
trenchers

excavatrices
hélicoptères
débusqueuses
chargeurs à direction à glissement
motoneiges
excavateurs de tranchées

Communications Equipment / Matériel de communication

cellular phones
computers
fax machines
printers
satellite phones
tablets
telephones
two-way radios

téléphones cellulaires
ordinateurs
télécopieurs
imprimantes
téléphones satellites
tablettes
téléphones
radios avec émetteur-récepteur

APPENDIX C

GLOSSARY/GLOSSAIRE

bonding	making a mechanically secure electrical connection between two or more objects to ensure they are at the same potential	mise à la masse	établissement d'une connexion électrique mécaniquement sûre entre au moins deux objets pour les maintenir au même potentiel
capacitor	device that improves power quality	condensateur	dispositif permettant d'améliorer la qualité du courant
cascade lighting	method of switching street lights in the first circuit, which, upon being energized, activates a relay that, in turn, energizes the second; the second then energizes the third, and so on	éclairage en cascade	méthode de commutation du courant des lampadaires dans le premier circuit, qui, une fois alimenté, active un relais qui, à son tour, alimente le deuxième circuit qui en alimente un troisième, et ainsi de suite
communication lines	lines that transmit communication data; may be fiberoptic, coaxial or telephone lines	lignes de communication	lignes qui transmettent des données de communication : peut s'agir de lignes à fibres optiques, coaxiales ou téléphoniques
company standards	local or utility-based structural designs	normes de l'entreprise	conception de structures locale ou des services publics
conductor	that part of a cable, overhead line or apparatus intended to conduct the flow of electrical energy	conducteur	partie d'un câble, d'une ligne aérienne ou d'un appareil destiné au passage de l'énergie électrique
counterpoise	method of bonding transmission towers, either to ground or to each other	contrepois	méthode pour lier les pylônes de transmission, soit entre eux ou par mise à la masse
cribbing	method of increasing pole stability in poor soil conditions	calage	méthode pour augmenter la stabilité d'un pôle en sol instable

delta system	three-wire system with one possible voltage	réseau monté en triangle	réseau monté à trois fils avec une seule tension possible
de-energized	where any potential electrical energy has been discharged through a mechanically secure connection to an effective ground potential	hors tension	état d'un élément dont l'énergie électrique potentielle a été déchargée au moyen d'une connexion mécaniquement sûre vers un point à potentiel de terre efficace
distribution system	operating system which delivers energy from substation to customers and generally operates between 2400 volts and 34,500 volts	réseau de distribution	réseau opérationnel distribuant l'énergie d'un poste électrique aux clients et fonctionnant en général entre 2 400 et 34 500 volts
energized	capable of delivering energy by reason of being dynamically alive or charged	sous tension	état d'un élément en mesure de distribuer de l'énergie parce qu'il est dynamiquement alimenté ou chargé
fault indicators	device which indicates a defect or abnormal condition in a conductor	indicateur de défauts	dispositif indiquant la présence de défauts ou de conditions anormales dans un conducteur
fibreglass reinforced plastic (FRP) tool	insulated live-line tools; also known as hot stick	outil en PRFV	outil isolé pour le travail sur ligne sous tension : aussi appelé perches isolantes
footing	concrete or grillage support for a structure; the base	massif	support en béton ou en grillage d'une structure : la base
grillage	buried portion of a steel tower acting as a footing	grillage	partie enfouie d'un pylône d'acier qui sert de semelle
grounding	placing interconnected parts at ground/earth potential	mise à la terre	connexion à la terre ou au potentiel de la terre de parties interconnectées
guys	devices used to offset conductor tension and equipment load	haubans	dispositifs utilisés pour compenser la tension du conducteur et de la charge de l'équipement

guy wires	high tensile steel wire attached to an anchor point which is installed to offset conductor tension and equipment load	câble de hauban	câble d'acier à traction élevée attaché à un point d'ancrage et installé pour assurer la stabilité d'un conducteur et d'une charge d'équipement
hydro-vacuum excavation	excavating with high-pressure water and a vacuum system	excavation hydro-pneumatique	excavation au moyen d'eau à haute pression et d'un système d'aspiration
isolated	separated from all sources of dynamic energy	isolé	séparé de toutes les sources d'énergie dynamique
laminated poles	poles made of laminated wood	poteau stratifié	poteau fait en bois stratifié
lock-out and tag-out	procedure to prevent unauthorised operation of equipment	verrouillage et étiquetage	procédure permettant d'empêcher l'utilisation non autorisée de l'équipement
maintenance programs	preventative or pro-active programs to ensure reliability of system	programme d'entretien	programme de prévention ou proactif pour assurer la fiabilité du réseau
meggering	to apply potential to test electrical equipment for continuity and insulation	essais au mégohmmètre	utilisation du potentiel pour vérifier la continuité et l'isolation de l'équipement électrique
metering equipment	equipment used to track consumption of electricity	équipement de mesure	équipement servant à mesurer la consommation d'énergie électrique
network systems	connecting points of generation or supply sources	système de réseau	points de connexion au réseau de production d'énergie électrique ou aux sources d'alimentation
nomenclature	powerlines and electrical apparatus designated by alphabetic and numeric codes	nomenclature	matériel des lignes électriques et appareils électriques désignés par des codes alphabétiques et numériques
peening	deformation of threads to prevent nuts from loosening due to vibration	marteler	déformation du filetage pour prévenir le desserrage des écrous en raison des vibrations
potential	latent energy (potential presence of voltage)	potential électrique	énergie latente (potentiel de présence de tension)

powder-actuated tools	tools that requires an explosive charge to operate	outil à charge explosive	outil dont le fonctionnement nécessite une charge explosive
primary	voltage above 750 volts	tension primaire	tension supérieure à 750 volts
reactor	equipment that limits over-current and over-voltage conditions	bobine de réactance	équipement qui stabilise les surintensités et les surtensions
recloser	equipment that is used to detect and interrupt momentary transient faults, allowing downstream devices to operate; they clear temporary faults and isolate permanent faults	disjoncteur réenclencheur	équipement utilisé pour détecter et interrompre les défauts transitoires momentanés, permettant aux dispositifs en aval de fonctionner : ils éliminent les défauts temporaires et isolent les défauts permanents
secondary	voltage 750 volts and below	tension secondaire	tension de 750 volts et moins
sectionalize	to isolate or separate sections of line	sectionner	isoler ou séparer des sections d'une ligne
splicing	the joining of two conductors together end to end	épissage	jonction de deux conducteurs par entrelacement de torons
structure	a device used to support conductors or cables and related equipment	structure	dispositif conçu pour supporter des conducteurs ou des câbles et l'équipement connexe
switching	an operation that affects or modifies the status of an electrical system	commutation	opération qui affecte ou modifie l'état d'un réseau électrique
transformer	equipment used to step down or step up voltage and current to desired level	transformateur	équipement utilisé pour abaisser ou augmenter la tension et le courant au niveau souhaité
transmission line	power line with an operating voltage over 34,500 volts	ligne de transport	ligne acheminant une tension de service supérieure à 34 500 volts
transmission system	system that transmits electricity from the generating station to substations that deliver power to customers	réseau de transport	réseau qui achemine l'électricité de la centrale électrique aux postes électriques qui distribue le courant aux clients

**voltage
regulator**

equipment used to maintain a
desired voltage

régulateur de tension

équipement utilisé pour
maintenir la tension
souhaitée

wye system

four-wire system with two possible
voltages

**réseau monté en
étoile**

réseau monté à quatre fils
avec deux tensions
possibles